

TMD Experimental Overview

- Introduction
- Existing and upcoming experiments
- TMDs @ EIC
- Summary



Haiyan Gao
Duke University
POETIC 2012

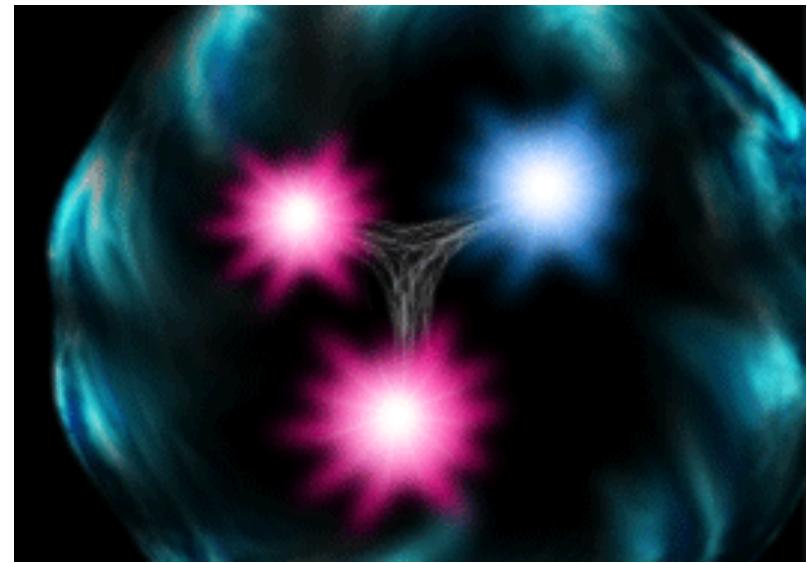


QCD



Nucleon Structure

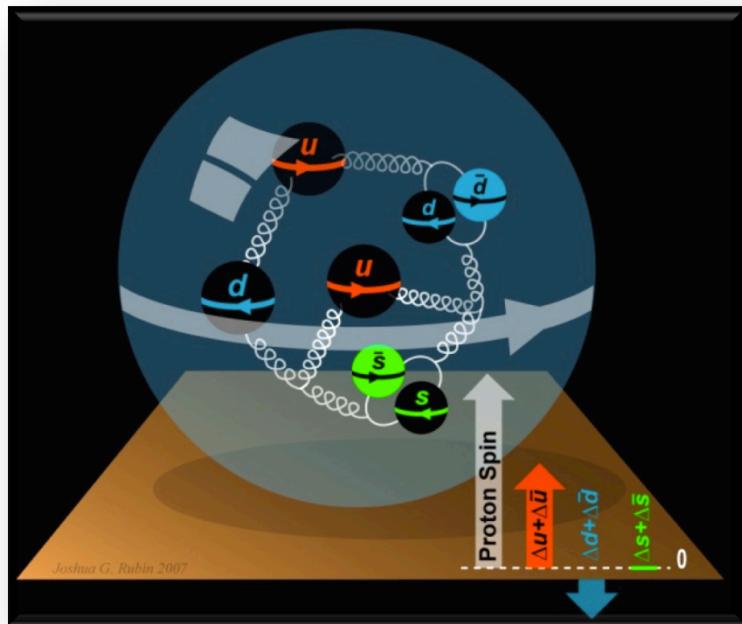
- Strong interaction, running coupling ~ 1
 - QCD: the theory of strong interaction
 - asymptotic freedom (**2004 Nobel**)
perturbation calculation works at high energy
 - interaction significant at intermediate energy
quark-gluon correlations
 - confinement
interaction strong at low energy
coherent hadron
 - Chiral symmetry
 - theoretical tools:
pQCD, OPE, Lattice QCD, ChPT



- *Charge and magnetism^E (current) distribution*
- *Spin distribution*
- *Quark momentum and flavor distribution*
- *Polarizabilities*
- *Strangeness content*
- *Three-dimensional structure*
-

Spin as an important knob

The Incomplete Nucleon: Spin Puzzle



- DIS $\rightarrow \Delta\Sigma \approx 0.25$
- RHIC + DIS $\rightarrow \Delta g$ not small

$\rightarrow L_q$

Orbital angular momentum of quarks and gluons is important

*Understanding of spin-orbit correlations
(atomic hydrogen, topological insulator....)*

Go beyond collinear to include transverse momentum

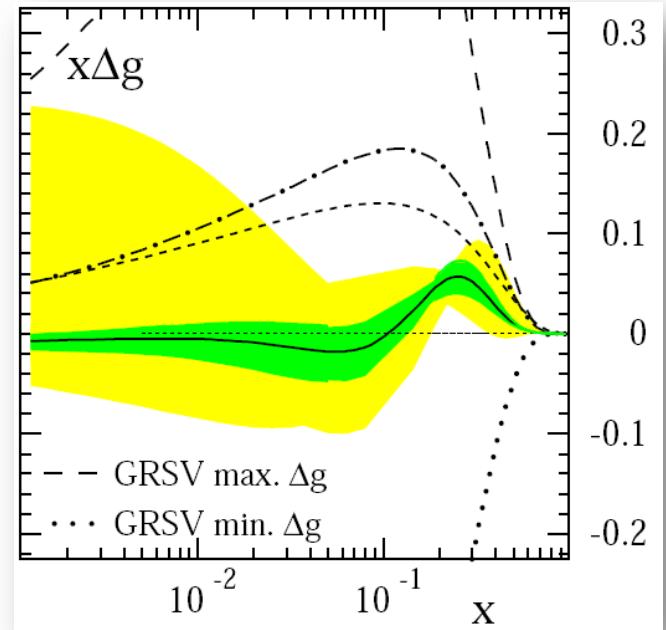
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta\Sigma(\mu) + L_q(\mu) + J_g(\mu)$$

[X. Ji, 1997]

Jaffe-Manohar 1990

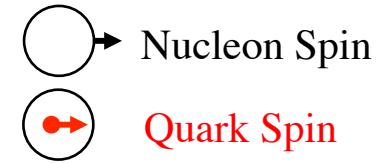
Chen *et al.* 2008

Wakamatsu 2009, 2010



D. de Florian et al., PRL 101 (2008) 072001

Leading-Twist TMD PDFs



		Quark polarization		
		Unpolarized (U)	Longitudinally Polarized (L)	Transversely Polarized (T)
Nucleon Polarization	U	f_1		h_1^\perp - Boer-Mulders
	L		g_1 - Helicity	h_{1L}^\perp - Long-Transversity
	T	f_{1T}^\perp - Sivers	g_{1T} - Trans-Helicity	h_{1T}^\perp - Transversity - Pretzelosity

Leading-Twist TMD PDFs

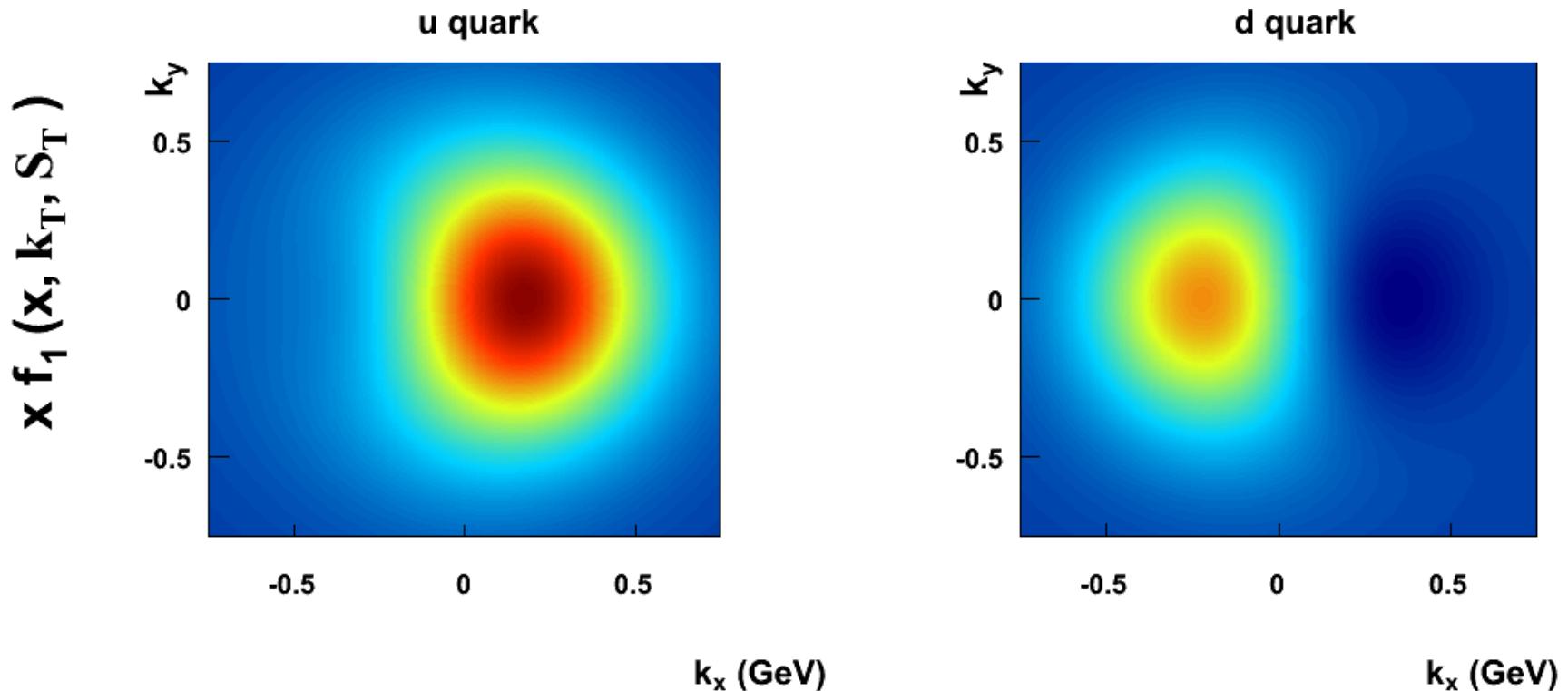


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	T	f_{1T}^\perp - Sivers	g_{1T} - Trans-Helicity	h_1 - Transversity h_{1T}^\perp - Pretzelosity

Nucleon structure in 3-D momentum space!

Sivers $f_{1T}^\perp(x, Q^2, k_T)$ as example @ fixed x, Q^2

Unpolarized quark distribution in a proton moving in z dir and polarized in y-direction



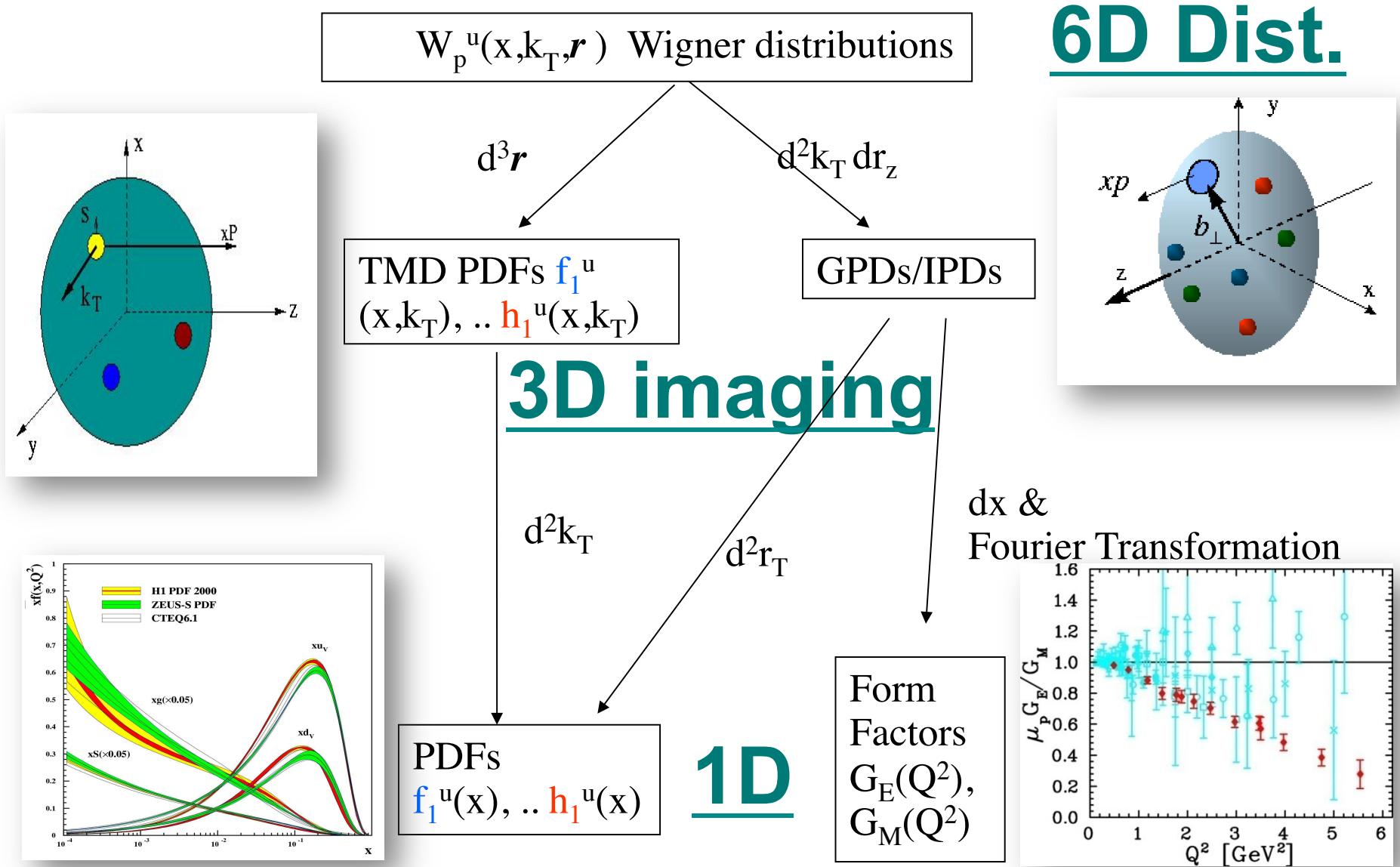
GRV98LO as input

$x=0.1$

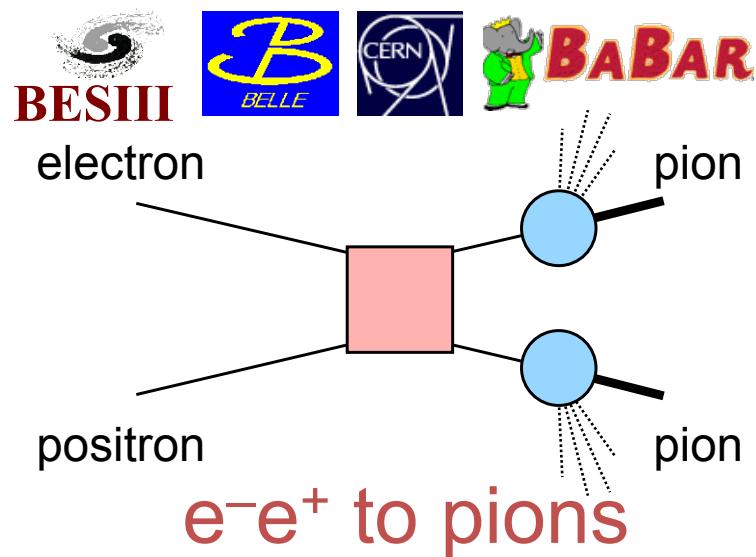
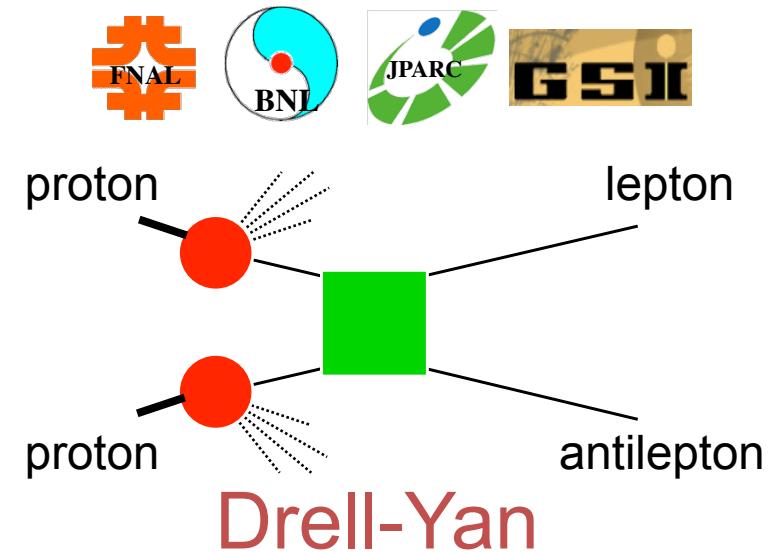
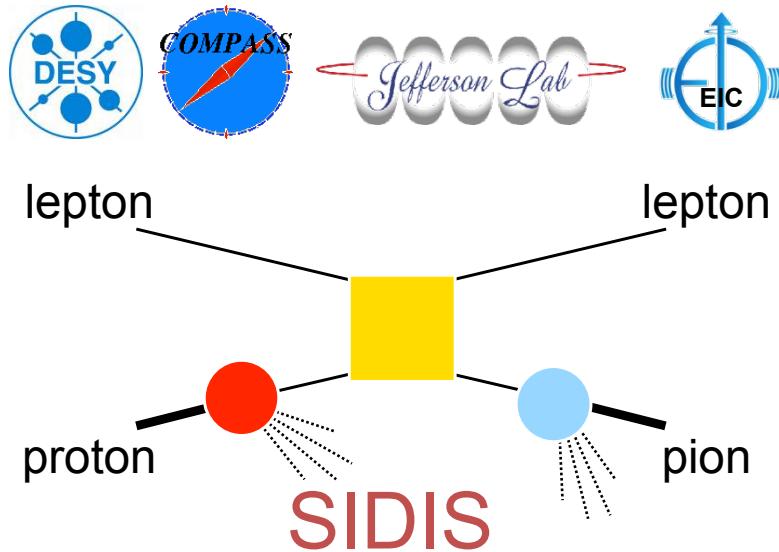
<http://arxiv.org/pdf/0805.2677v2.pdf>

A. Prokudin

Unified View of Nucleon Structure



Access TMDs through Hard Processes



- Partonic scattering amplitude
- Fragmentation amplitude
- Distribution amplitude

$$f_{1T}^{\perp q}(\text{SIDIS}) = -f_{1T}^{\perp q}(\text{DY})$$

$$h_1^\perp(\text{SIDIS}) = -h_1^\perp(\text{DY})$$

Access Parton Distributions through Semi-Inclusive DIS

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dxdy d\phi_S dz d\phi_h dP_{h\perp}^2} = \frac{\alpha^2}{xyQ^2} \frac{y^2}{2(1-\varepsilon)}.$$

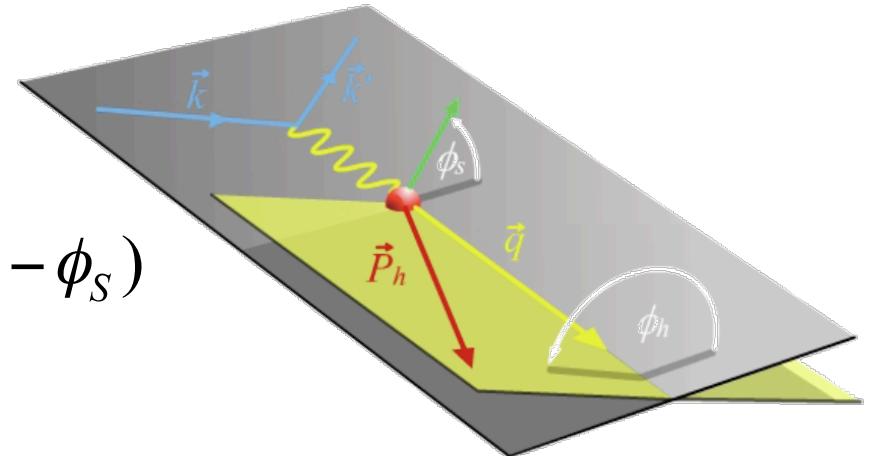
$f_1 =$		$\{F_{UU,T} + \dots$	Unpolarized
Boer-Mulders $h_1^\perp =$		$+ \varepsilon \cos(2\phi_h) \cdot F_{UU}^{\cos(2\phi_h)} + \dots$	
$h_{1L}^\perp =$		$+ S_L [\varepsilon \sin(2\phi_h) \cdot F_{UL}^{\sin(2\phi_h)} + \dots]$	Polarized Target
Transversity $h_{1T} =$		$+ S_T [\varepsilon \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) \cdot F_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_h + \phi_S)} + \dots]$	
Sivers $f_{1T}^\perp =$		$+ \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S) \cdot (F_{UL}^{\sin(\phi_h - \phi_S)} + \dots)$	Polarized Beam and Target
Pretzelosity $h_{1T}^\perp =$		$+ \varepsilon \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S) \cdot F_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)} + \dots]$	
		$+ S_L \lambda_e [\sqrt{1 - \varepsilon^2} \cdot F_{LL} + \dots]$	
		$+ S_T \lambda_e [\sqrt{1 - \varepsilon^2} \cos(\phi_h - \phi_S) \cdot F_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_S)} + \dots]$	

S_L, S_T : Target Polarization; λ_e : Beam Polarization

Separation of Collins, Sivers and pretzelosity effects through angular dependence

$$A_{UT}(\varphi_h^l, \varphi_S^l) = \frac{1}{P} \frac{N^\uparrow - N^\downarrow}{N^\uparrow + N^\downarrow}$$

$$= A_{UT}^{Collins} \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) + A_{UT}^{Sivers} \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S) \\ + A_{UT}^{Pretzelosity} \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)$$



$$A_{UT}^{Collins} \propto \langle \sin(\phi_h + \phi_S) \rangle_{UT} \propto h_1 \otimes H_1^\perp$$

Collins frag. Func.
from e^+e^- collisions

$$A_{UT}^{Sivers} \propto \langle \sin(\phi_h - \phi_S) \rangle_{UT} \propto f_{1T}^\perp \otimes D_1$$

$$A_{UT}^{Pretzelosity} \propto \langle \sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S) \rangle_{UT} \propto h_{1T}^\perp \otimes H_1^\perp$$



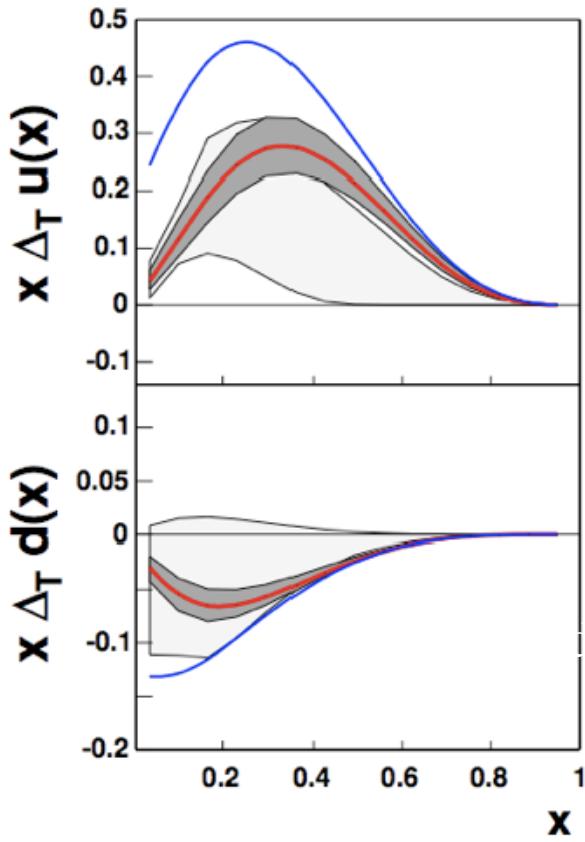
SIDIS SSAs depend on 4-D variables (x, Q^2, z and P_T)

Large angular coverage and precision measurement of asymmetries
in 4-D phase space is essential.

Transversity

$$h_{1T} = \text{Diagram 1} - \text{Diagram 2}$$

- The third PDFs in addition to f_1 and g_{1L}
- Lowest moment gives tensor charge $\delta q^a = \int_0^1 (h_{1T}^a(x) - h_{1T}^{\bar{a}}(x)) dx$
 - Fundamental property, benchmark test of Lattice QCD



A global fit to the HERMES p,
COMPASS d and BELLE e+e- data by
the Torino group, Anselmino et al.,
[arXiv:0812.4366](https://arxiv.org/abs/0812.4366)

**Solid red line : transversity
distribution, analysis at
 $Q^2=2.4 \text{ (GeV/c)}^2$**

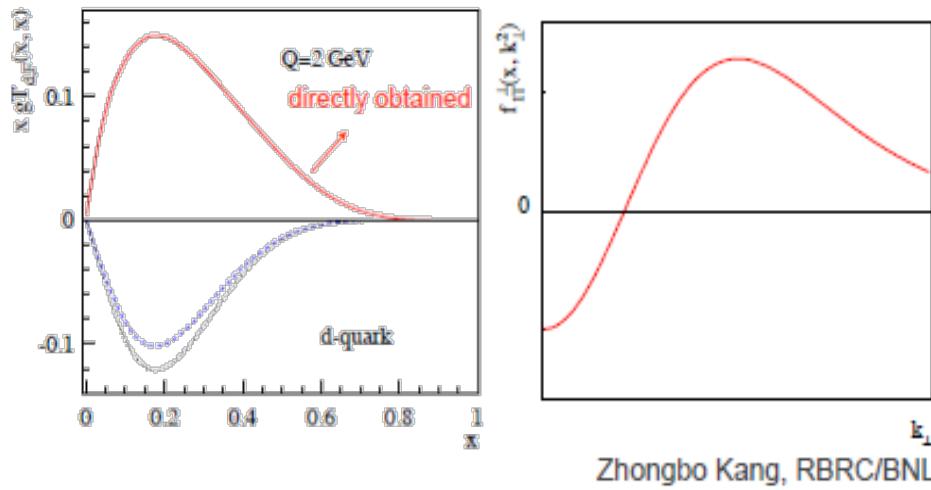
Solid blue line: Soffer bound
 $|h_{1T}| \leq (f_1 + g_{1L})/2$
GRV98LO + GRSV98LO

$\Delta_T = h_{1T}$ Wider band: previous extraction
PRD 75, 054032 (2007)

Sivers Function

$$f_{1T}^{\perp q} \quad - \quad \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \circ \\ \downarrow \end{array}$$

- Correlation between nucleon spin with quark orbital angular momentum
- Important test for factorization $f_{1T}^{\perp q}|_{SIDIS} = -f_{1T}^{\perp q}|_{D-Y}$
- **Different sign with twist-3 quark-gluon corr. dis. at high P_T ?**
- T-odd final state interaction \rightarrow Target SSA (Brodsky et al., and others)
- **Recent developments in the evolution of Sivers function**



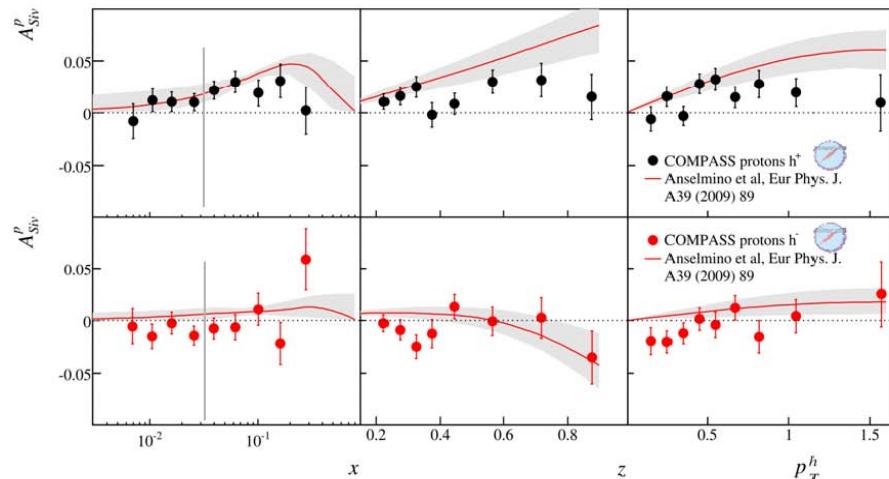
$$gT_{q,F}(x, x) = - \int d^2 k_\perp \frac{|k_\perp|^2}{M} f_{1T}^{\perp q}(x, k_\perp^2)|_{SIDIS}$$

Kang, Qiu, Vogelsang,
Yuan (2011),
Kang and Qiu (2012)

Sivers asymmetry - proton

comparison with theory

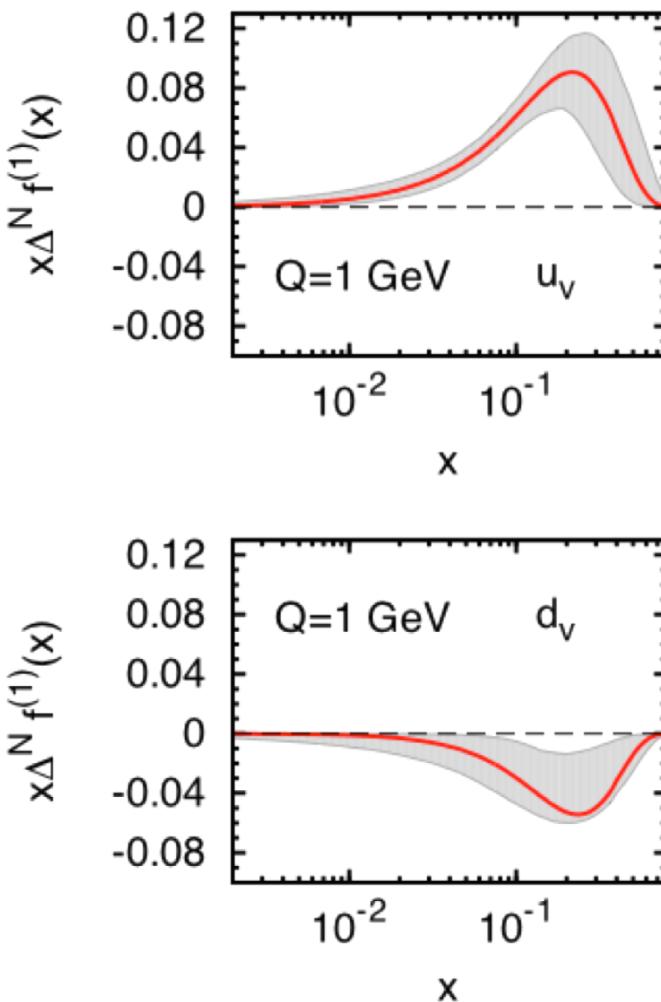
... most recent predictions from *M. Anselmino et al.*
based on the fit of HERMES proton and COMPASS deuteron data



Anna Martin

June 22, 2010

SIVERS FUNCTION - TMD



Older fit shows possibly discrepancy?

Latest extraction based on
HERMES p, COMPASS d and p data by M. Anselmino et al.,
arXiv:1204.1239 taking into account TMD evolution show
consistency between the HERMES and COMPASS data

Quark OAM from Pretzelosity

$$h_{1T}^\perp = \text{Diagram} - \text{Diagram} \quad \text{"pretzelosity"}$$

model-dependent relation

$$\mathcal{L}_z = - \int dx d^2 \vec{k}_\perp \frac{k_\perp^2}{2M^2} h_{1T}^\perp(x, k_\perp^2)$$

first derived in LC-diquark model and bag model

[She, Zhu, Ma, 2009; Avakian, Efremov, Schweitzer, Yuan, 2010]

\mathcal{L}_z chiral even and charge even	h_{1T}^\perp chiral odd and charge odd
$\Delta L_z = 0$	$ \Delta L_z = 2$

no operator identity
relation at level of matrix elements of
operators

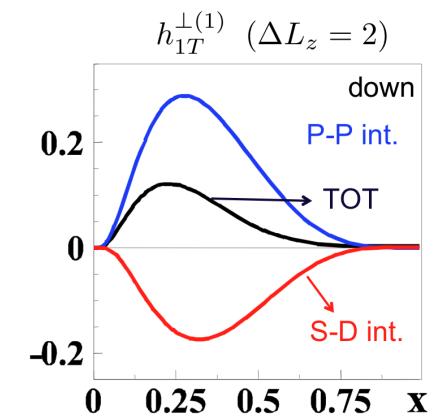
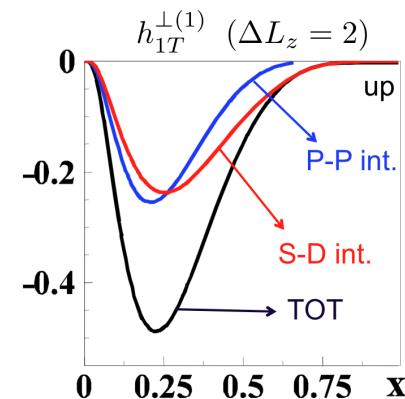
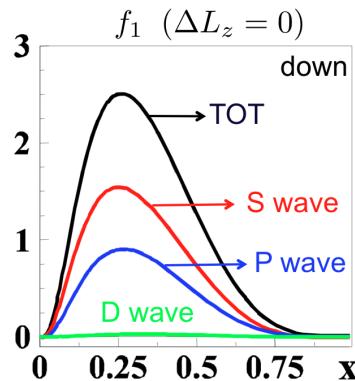
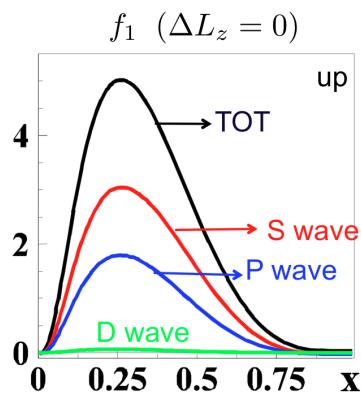


valid in all quark models with spherical symmetry in the rest frame

☞ see talk by C. Lorce'

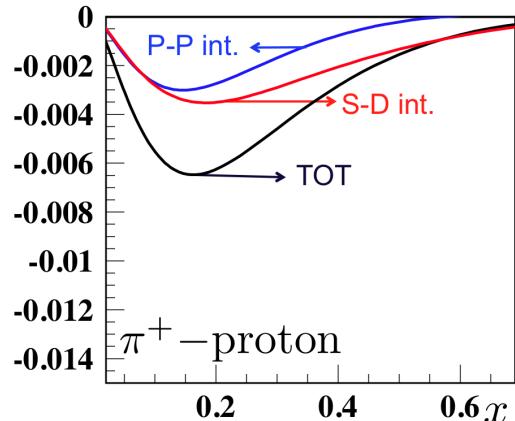
[Lorce', BP, PLB (2012)]

◆ Orbital angular momentum content of TMDs (light-cone constituent quark model)

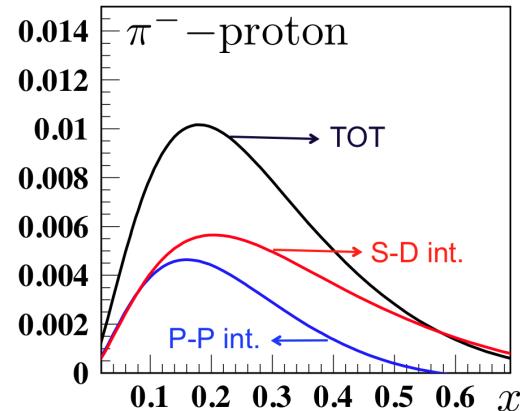


◆ Effects on SIDIS observables

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi - \phi_S)} \sim \frac{h_{1T}^\perp \otimes H_1}{f_1 \otimes D_1}$$



$\langle Q^2 \rangle = 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$

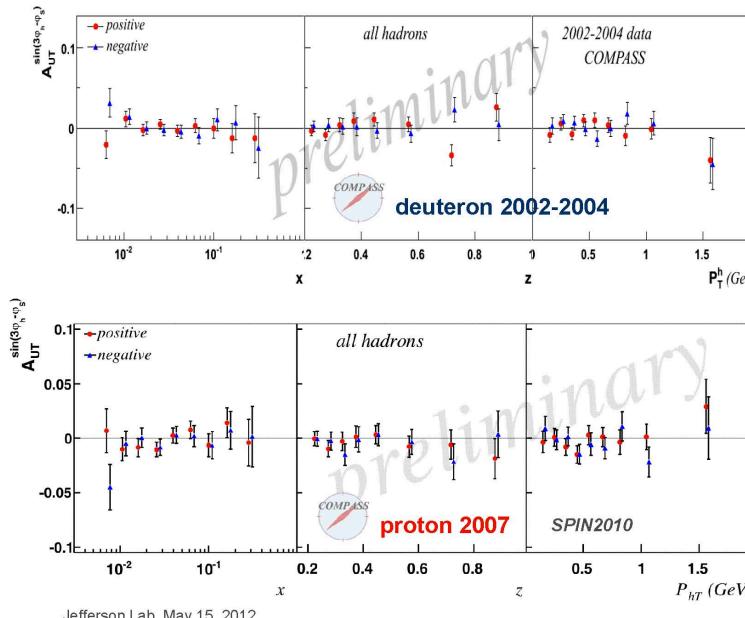


Boffi, Efremov, BP, Schweitzer, PRD79(2009)

Pretzlosity:

- Relativistic effect of quark
PRD 78, 114024 (2008)
- (in models) direct measurement of OAM
PRD 58, 096008 (1998) (more previous slide)
- Expect first non-zero Pretzelosity asymmetries

transversely polarised target

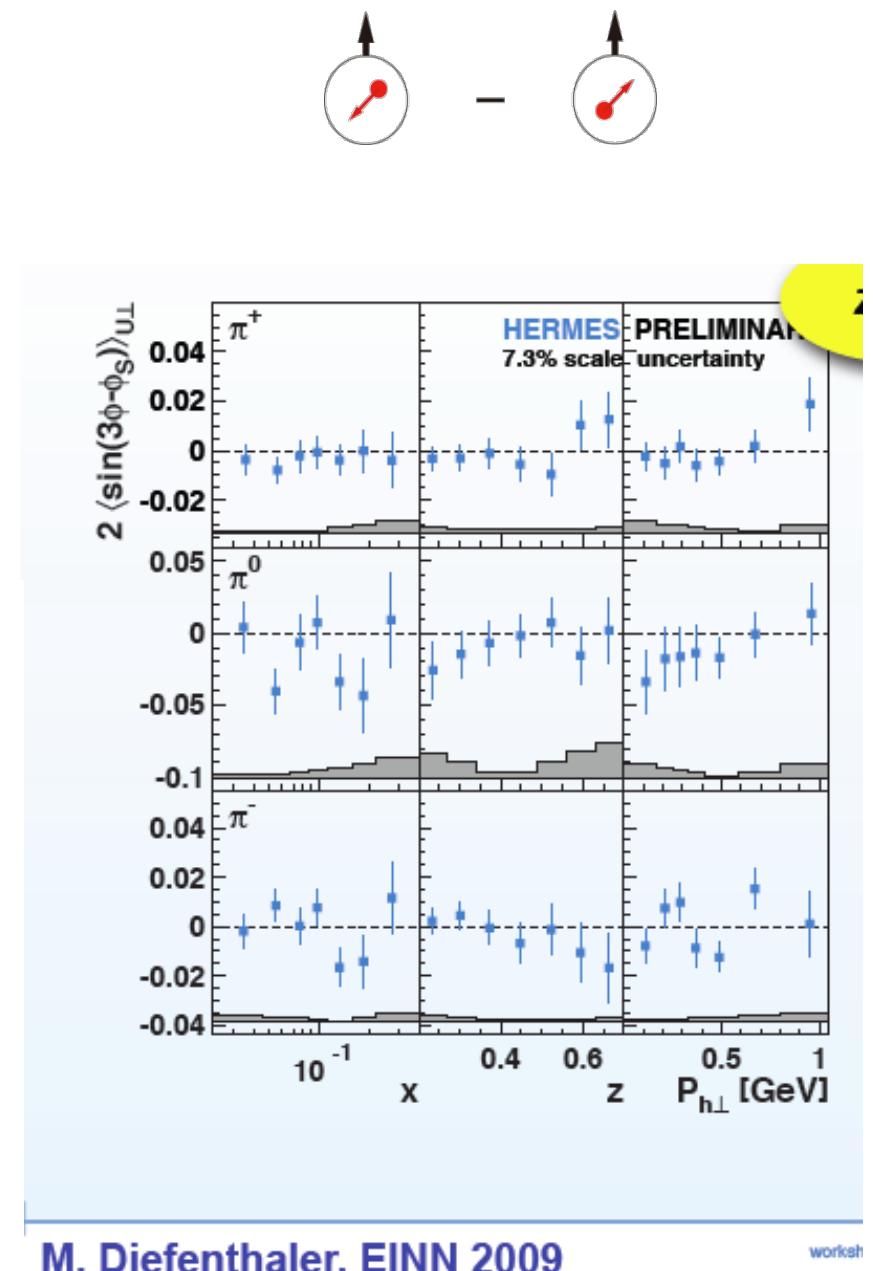


Jefferson Lab, May 15, 2012

$$F_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi_h - \phi_S)} \propto h_{1T}^\perp \otimes H_1^\perp$$

"pretzelosity" PDF
⊗ Collins FF

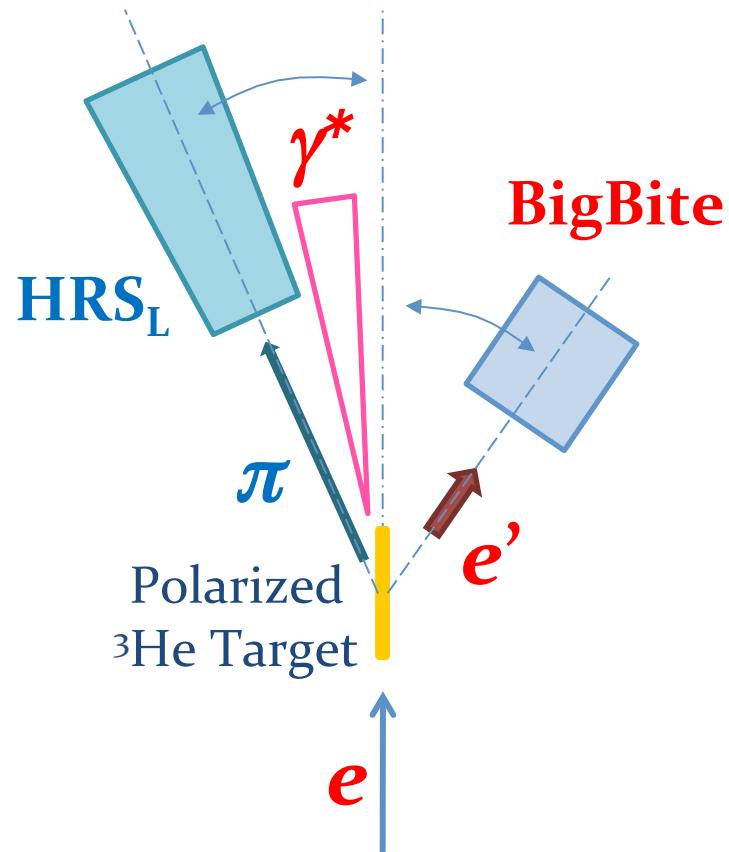
Anna Martin



M. Diefenthaler, EINN 2009

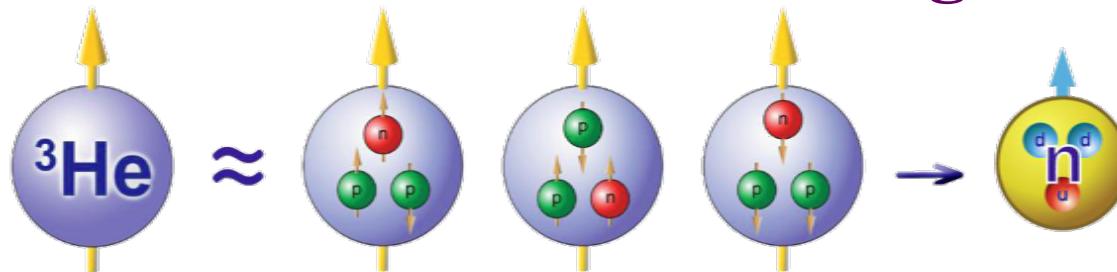
workshop

E06-010: neutron $A_{(U/L)T}(\pi^+K^+, \pi^-K^-)$

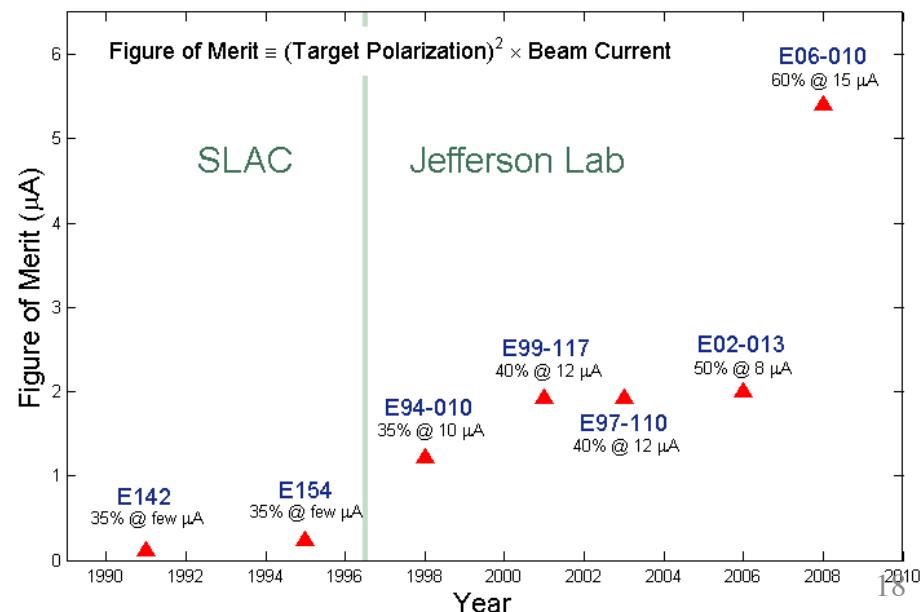
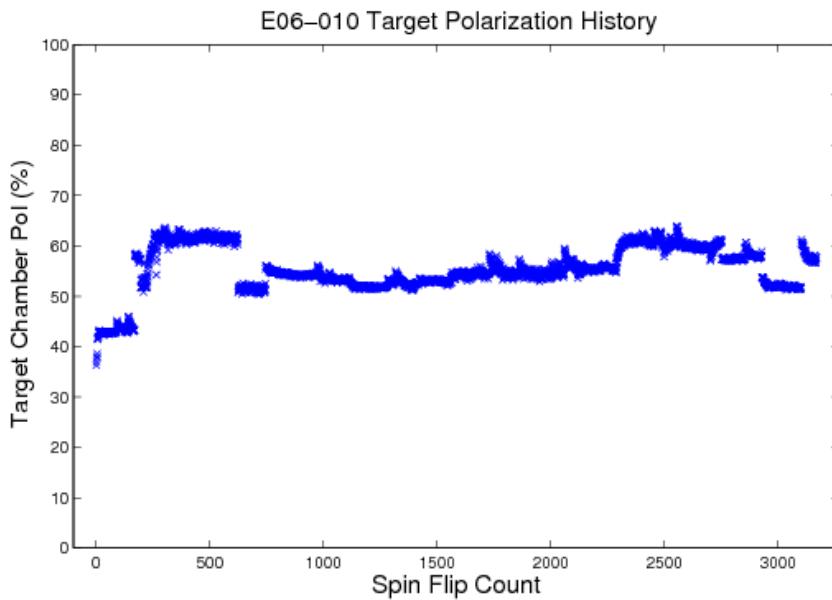


- **First** neutron data in SIDIS SSA&DSA
 - Similar Q^2 as HERMES experiment
- Disentangle Collins/Sivers effects
- Electron beam: $E = 5.9$ GeV
- High luminosity $L \sim 10^{36} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 - 40 cm transversely polarized ${}^3\text{He}$ target
 - Average beam current 12 uA (max: 15 uA as in proposal)
- BigBite at 30° as **electron** arm:
$$P_e = 0.6 \sim 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c$$
- HRS_L at 16° as **hadron** arm:
$$P_h = 2.35 \text{ GeV}/c$$

^3He Target

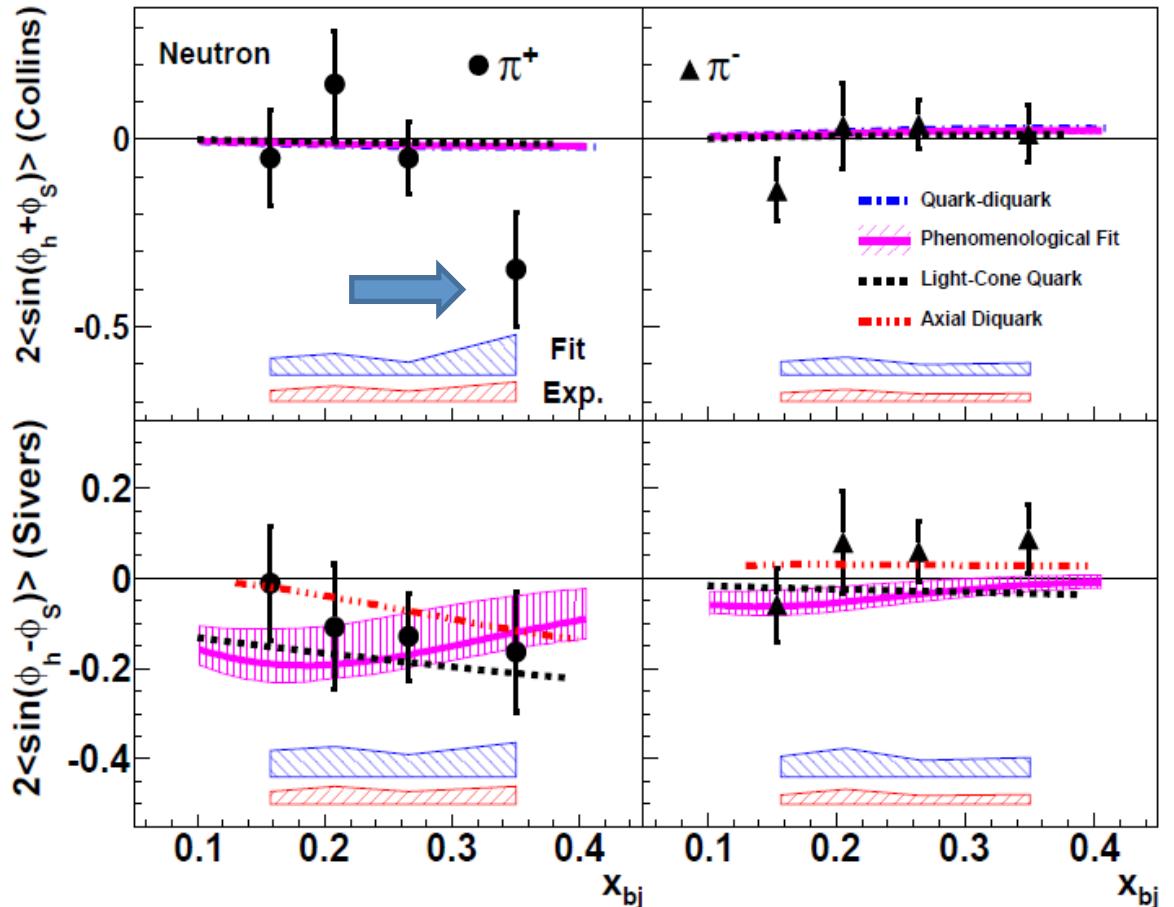


- Polarized ^3He ran reliably throughout the experiment, and the following three experiments.
- Reached **55%-60%** polarization with $15 \mu\text{A}$ beam and 20 minute spin flip! **A NEW RECORD!**



Results on Neutron

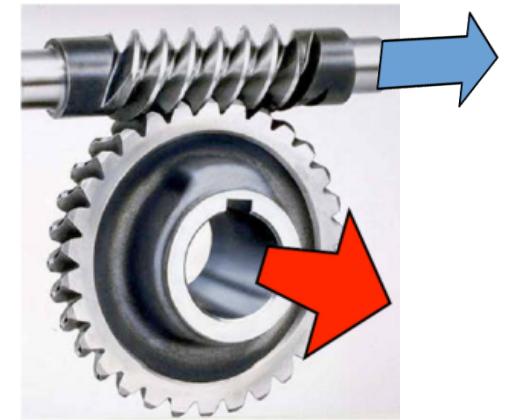
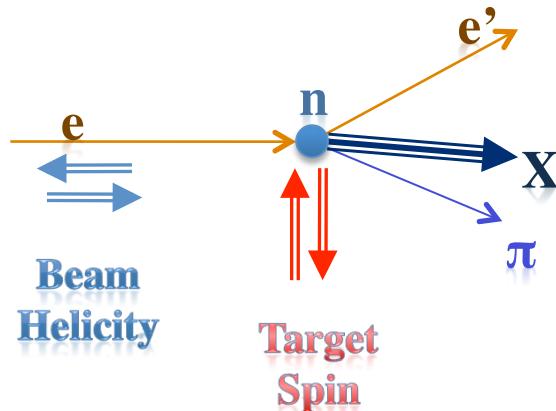
- Sizable Collins π^+ asymmetries at $x=0.34$?
 - Sign of violation of Soffer's inequality?
 - **Data are limited by stat.**
Needs more precise data!
- Negative Sivers π^+ Asymmetry
 - Consistent with HERMES/COMPASS
 - **demonstration of negative d quark Sivers function.**



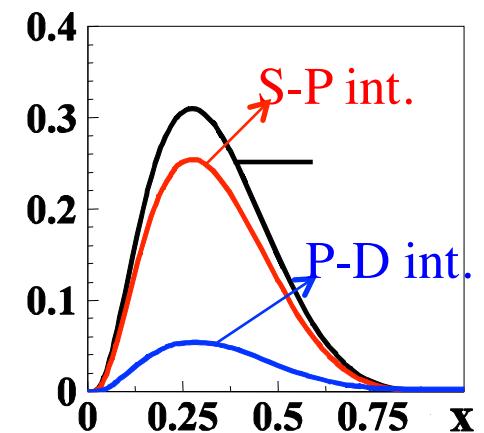
Model (fitting) uncertainties shown in blue band.
 Experimental systematic uncertainties: red band
 X. Qian *et al*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 107, 072003 (2011)

Double Spin Asymmetry: g_{1T}

- $A_{LT}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto g_{1T}^q \otimes D_{1q}^h$
 - Leading twist TMD PDFs
 - T-even, Chiral-even
- Dominated by **real** part of interference between **L=0 (S)** and **L=1 (P)** states
 - Imaginary part \rightarrow Sivers effect
- First TMDs in Pioneer Lattice calculation
 - arXiv:0908.1283 [hep-lat], Europhys.Lett.88:61001,2009
 - arXiv:1011.1213 [hep-lat] , Phys.Rev.D83:094507,2011



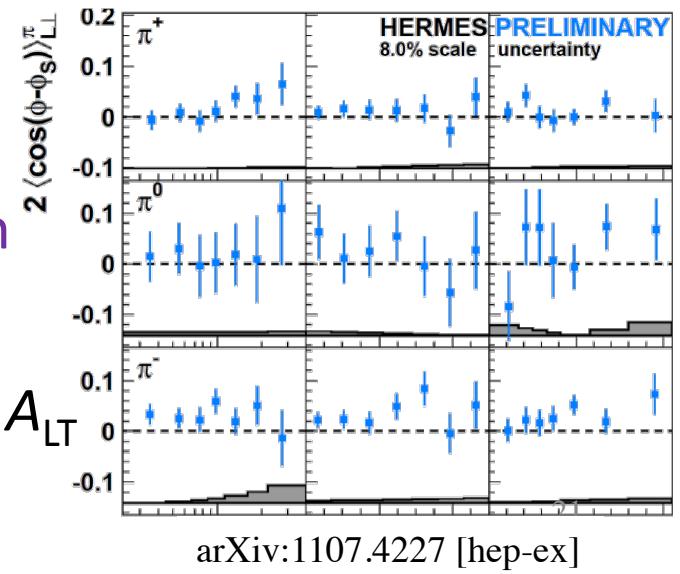
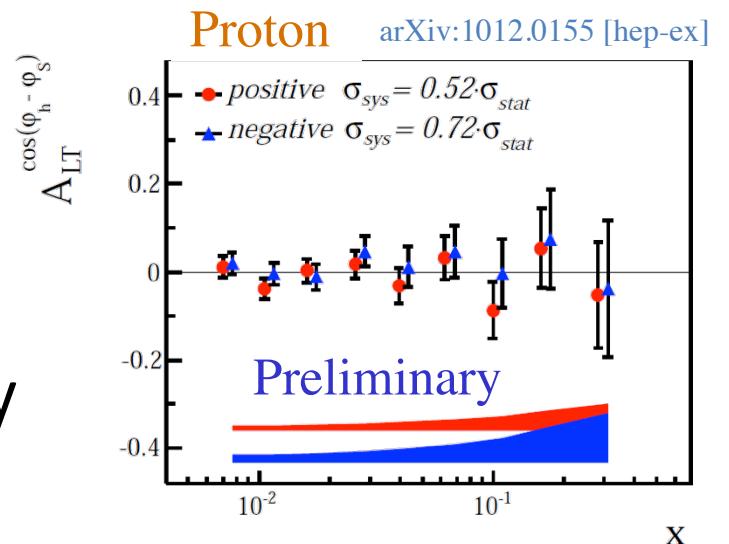
$$g_{1T} \quad \text{---} \quad \text{---}$$



Light-Cone CQM by B. Pasquini
B.P., Cazzaniga, Boffi, PRD78, 2008

Existing A_{LT} Results are preliminary

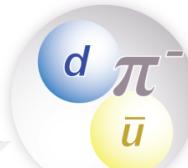
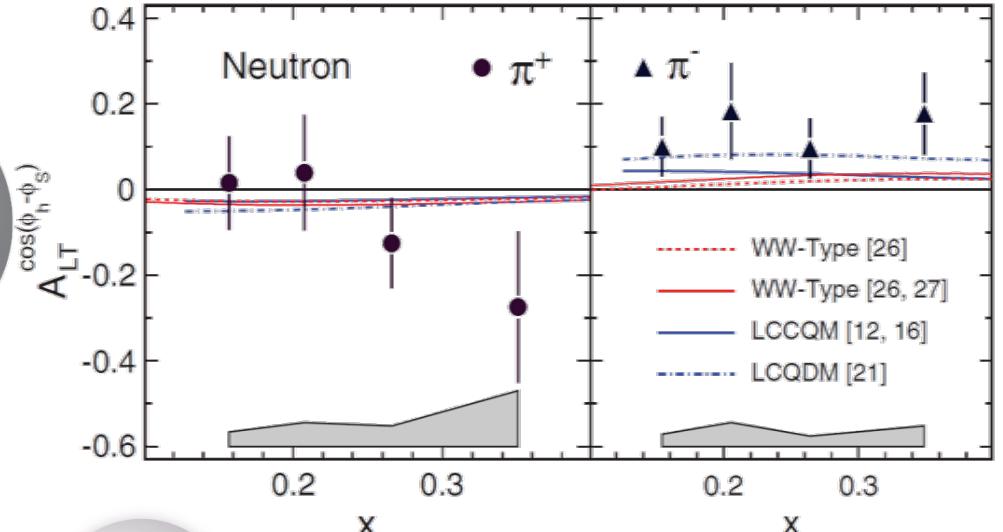
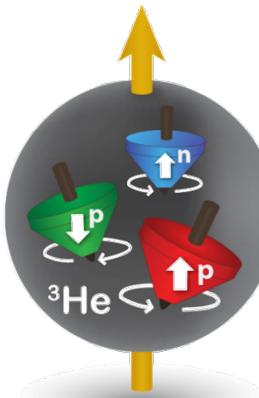
- No measurement until 2002
- Preliminary COMPASS results
 - A_{LT} on proton and deuteron
 - Fixed beam helicity (μ beam)
 - Low x , small predicted asymmetry
- Preliminary HERMES results
 - A_{LT} on proton
- New measurement needed
 - Different target for flavor decomposition
 - Higher precision at valence region
 - Double spin reversal to cleanly separate A_{LT}



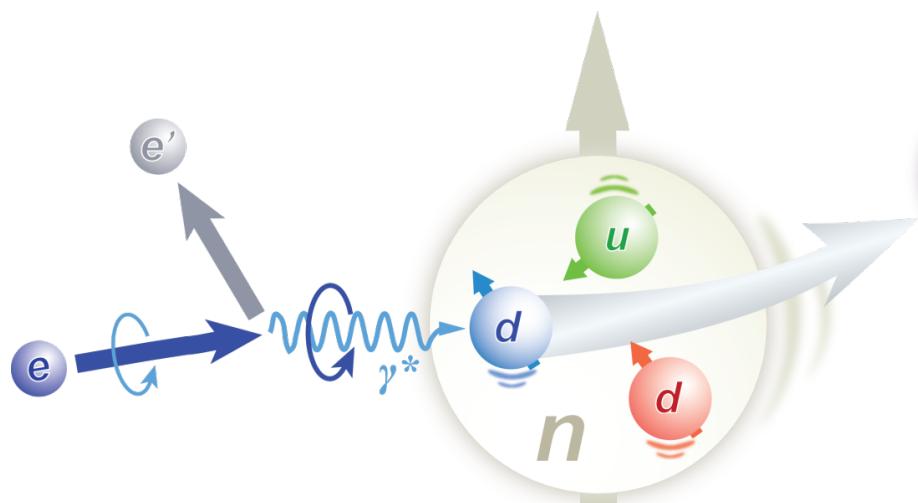
New Observable Reveals Interesting Behaviors of Quarks

$$A_{\text{LT}}^{\cos(\phi_h - \phi_s)} \propto g_{1T}^q \otimes D_{1q}^h$$

Target:
polarized ${}^3\text{He}$ \Rightarrow polarized neutron



First measurement of A_{LT}
beam-target double-spin asymmetry

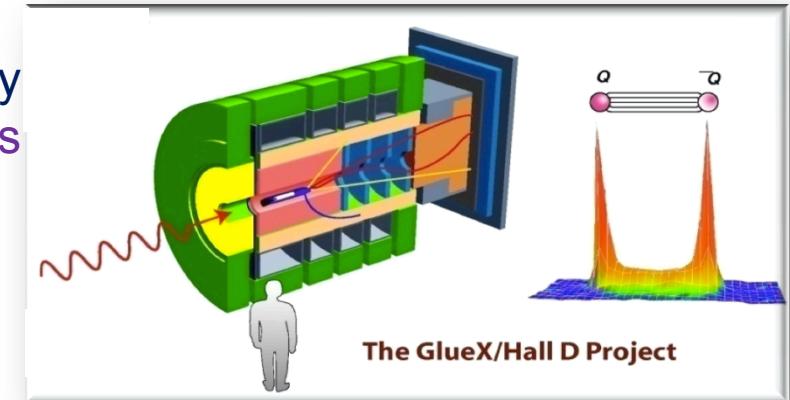
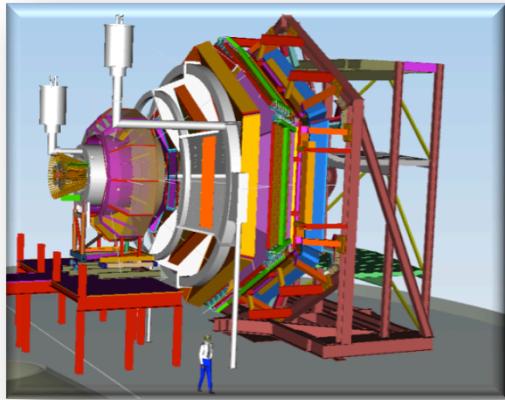


Indications:

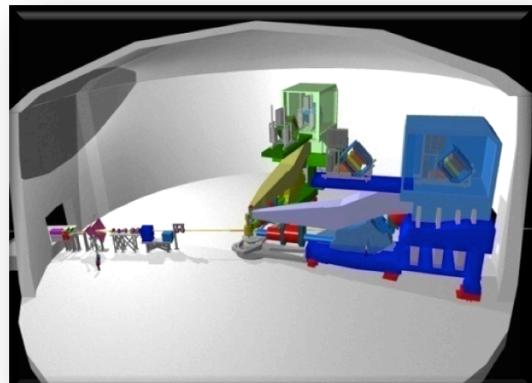
- A non-vanishing quark “transversal helicity” distribution, reveals alignment of quark spin transverse to neutron spin direction
- Quark orbital motions

12 GeV Scientific Capabilities

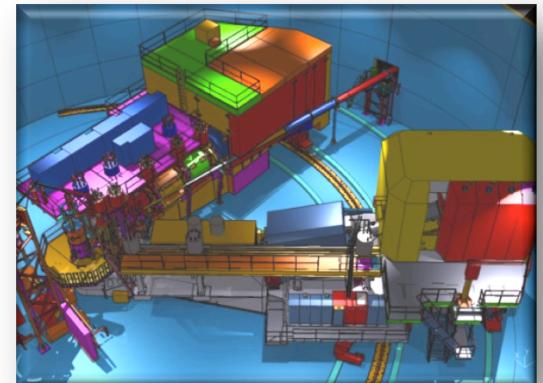
Hall D – exploring origin of **confinement** by studying exotic mesons



Hall B – understanding **nucleon structure** via generalized parton distributions and TMDs

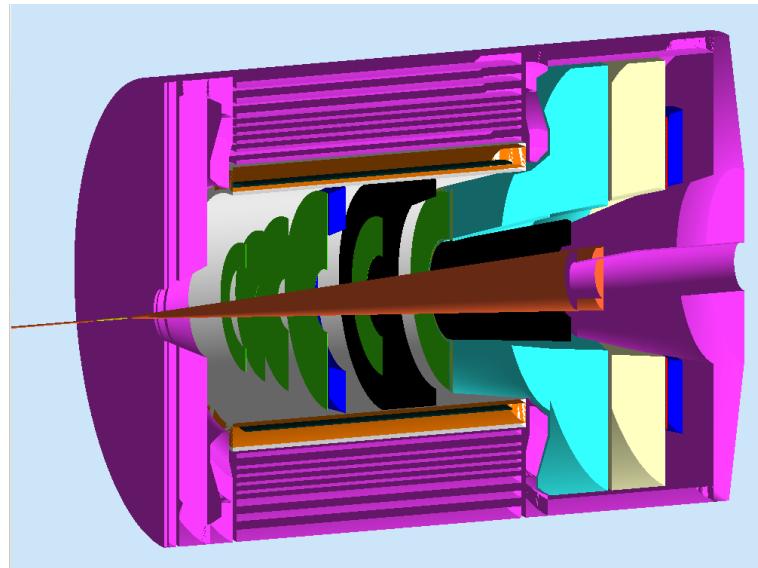


Hall C – precision determination of **valence quark** properties in nucleons and nuclei

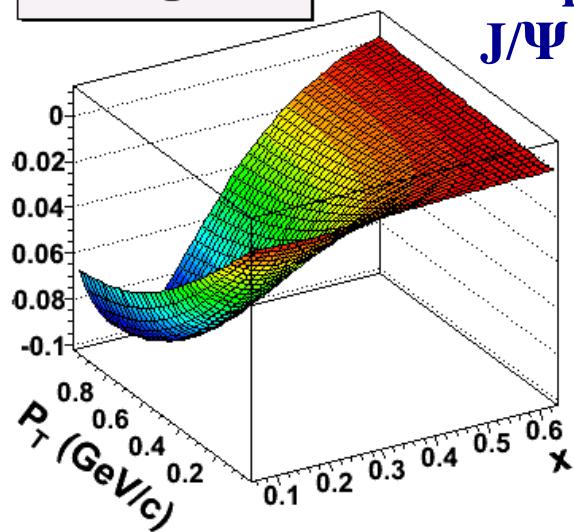


Hall A – short range correlations, form factors, hyper-nuclear physics, **future new experiments** (e.g., PV, MOLLER and SoLID)

SoLID-Spin: SIDIS on ^3He /Proton @ 11 GeV



Sivers π^- @ $z = 0.55$



Proposals on PVDIS (A),
 J/Ψ (A^-) approved

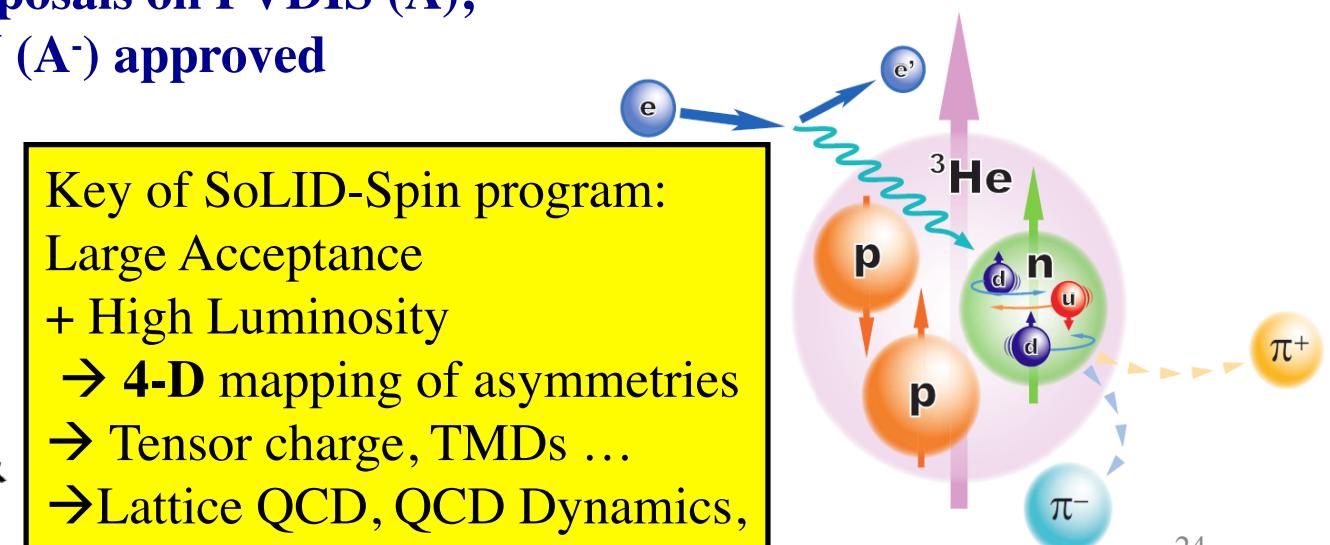
Key of SoLID-Spin program:
Large Acceptance
+ High Luminosity
→ 4-D mapping of asymmetries
→ Tensor charge, TMDs ...
→ Lattice QCD, QCD Dynamics,
Models.

E12-10-006: Single Spin Asymmetry on Transverse ^3He @ 90 days, **rating A**

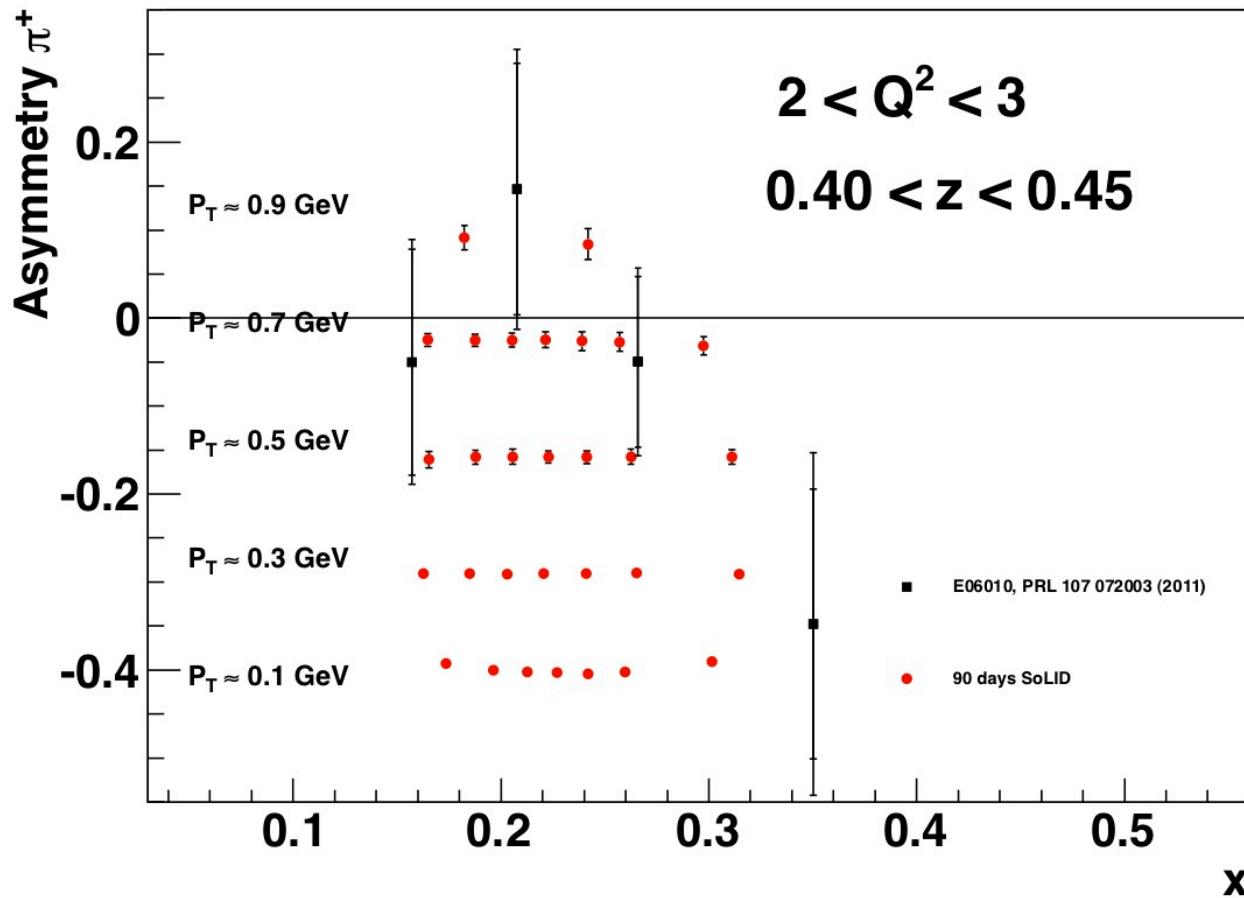
E12-11-007: Single and Double Spin Asymmetry on ^3He @ 35 days, **rating A**

E12-11-108: Single and Double Spin Asymmetries on Transverse Proton @120 days, **rating A**

*International collaboration with 180
Collaborators from 8 countries*



Projected Data (E12-10-006)



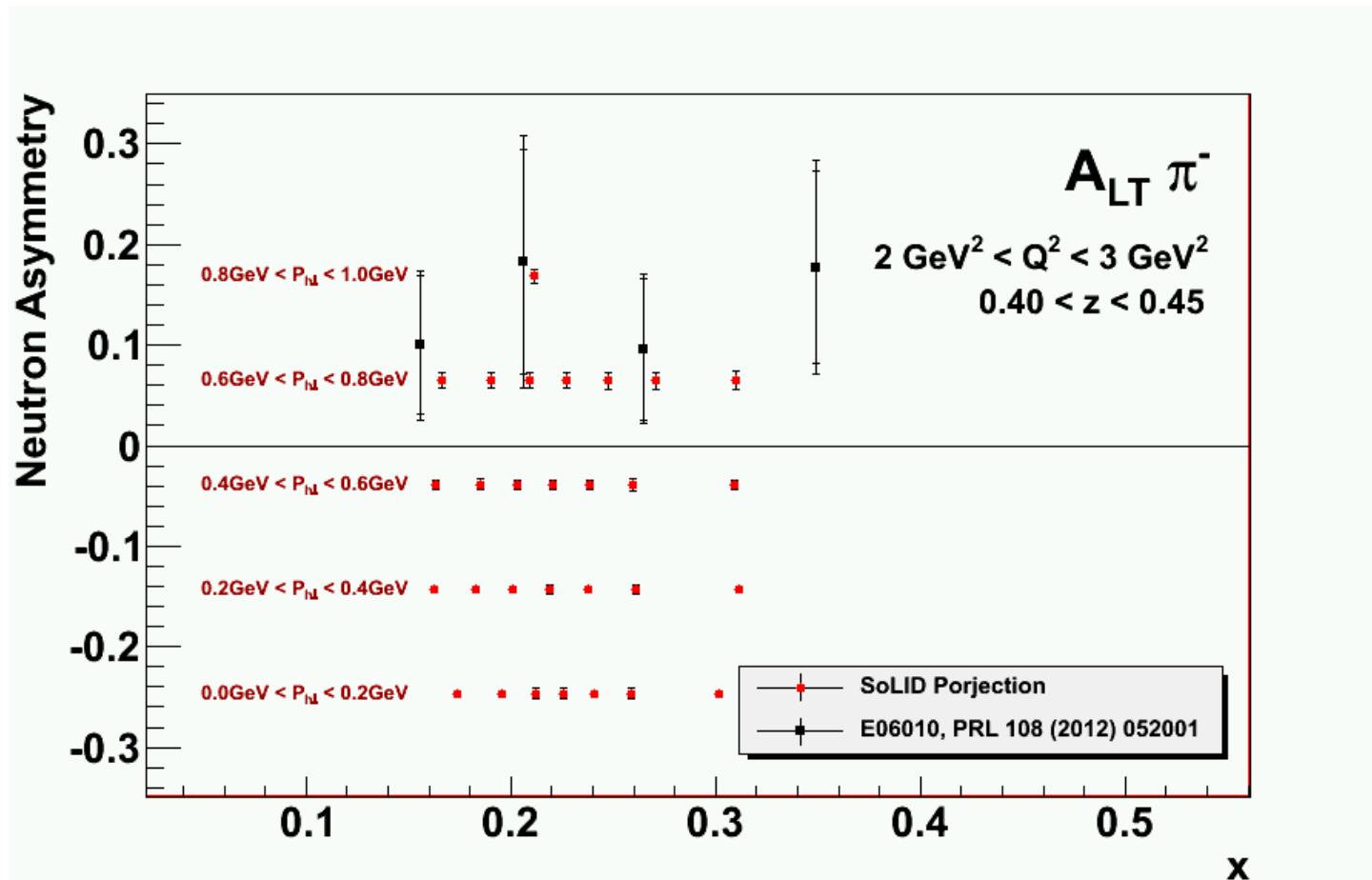
- Total 1400 bins in x , Q^2 , P_T and z for 11/8.8 GeV beam.
- z ranges from $0.3 \sim 0.7$, only one z and Q^2 bin of 11/8.8 GeV is shown here.
 π^+ projections are shown, similar to the π^- .

E12-10-006 Spokespersons: Chen, Gao (contact), Jiang, Qian and Peng

X. Qian et al in PRL 107, 072003

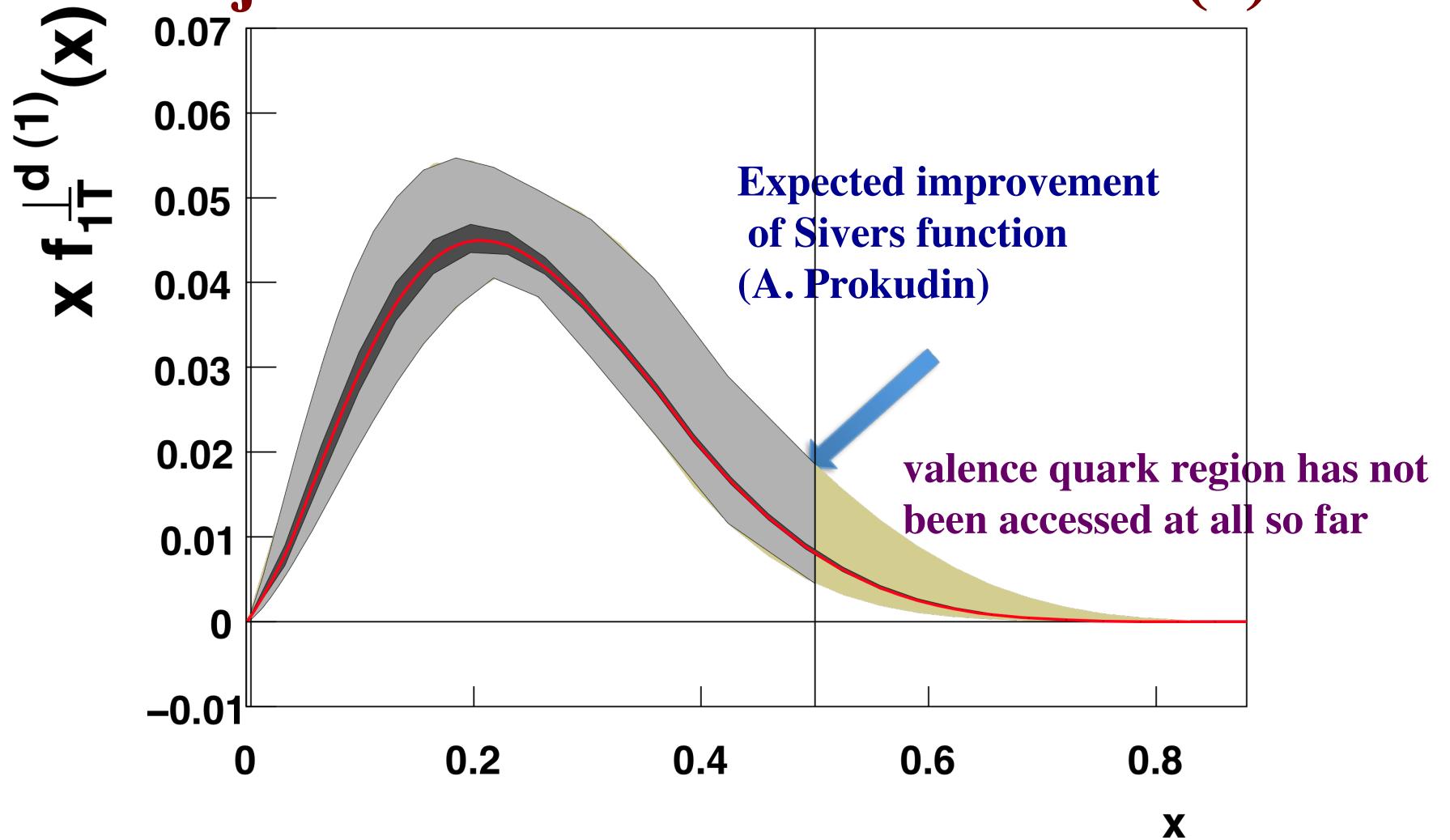
SoLID E12-11-007 Projection for A_{LT} (Partial)

- E12-11-007 and E12-10-006:
Neutron A_{LT} Projection of one out of 48 Q^2 -z bins for π^-



E12-11-007 spokespersons: J.P. Chen, J. Huang, Yi Qiang, W.B. Yan (USTC)
E06010 Results, J. Huang et al., PRL108, 052001 (2012)

Projected measurements in 1-D (x)



Assumption: We know the k_T dependence, Q^2 evolution of TMDs.
Also knowledge on TMFF → project onto 1-D in x to illustrate the power of SoLID- ${}^3\text{He}$.

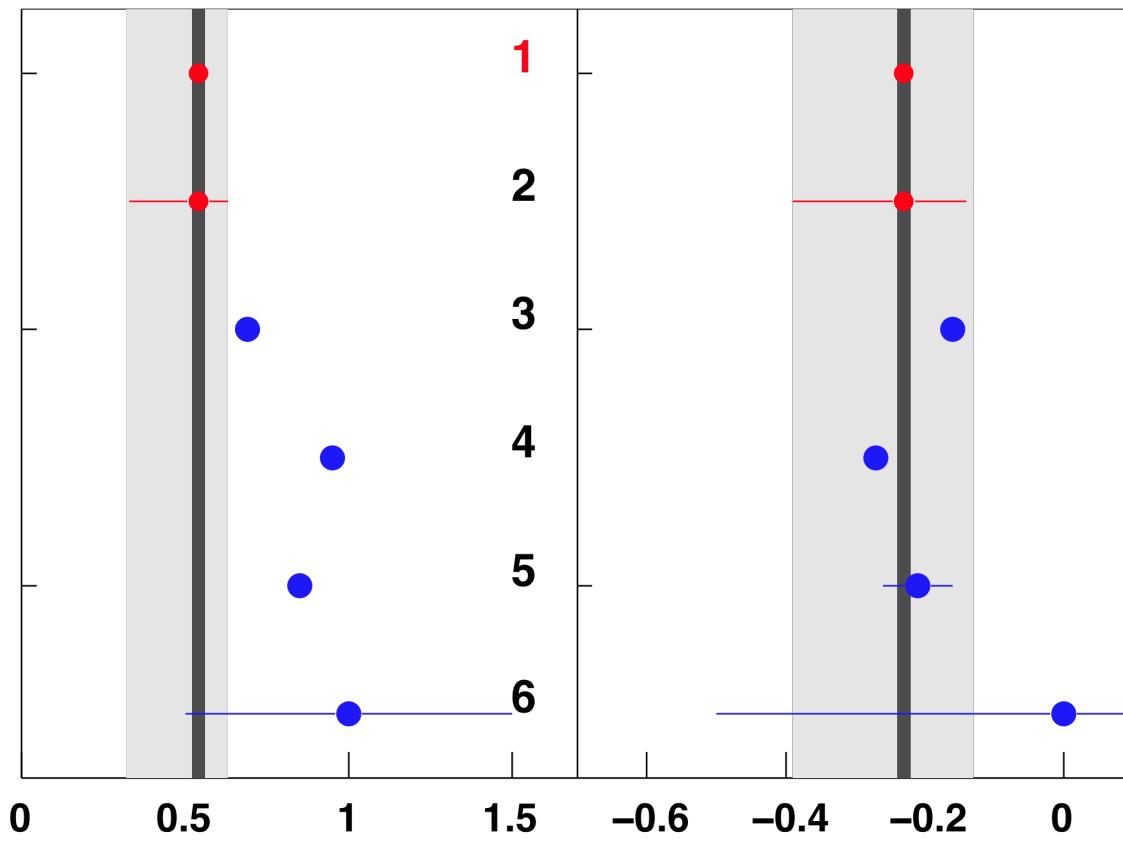
Jlab 12 GeV Program has major impact on Tensor Charge

- 1 – JLab 12
 2 – Anselmino et al., Nucl.Phys.Proc.Suppl. (2009)
 3 – Cloet, Bentz and Thomas, Phys.Lett.B (2008)
 4 – Wakamatsu, Phys.Lett.B (2007)
 5 – Gockeler et al., Phys.Lett.B (2005)
 6 – He and Ji, Phys. Rev. D (1995)

$$\delta q = \int_0^1 dx (h_1^q(x) - \bar{h}_1^{\bar{q}}(x))$$

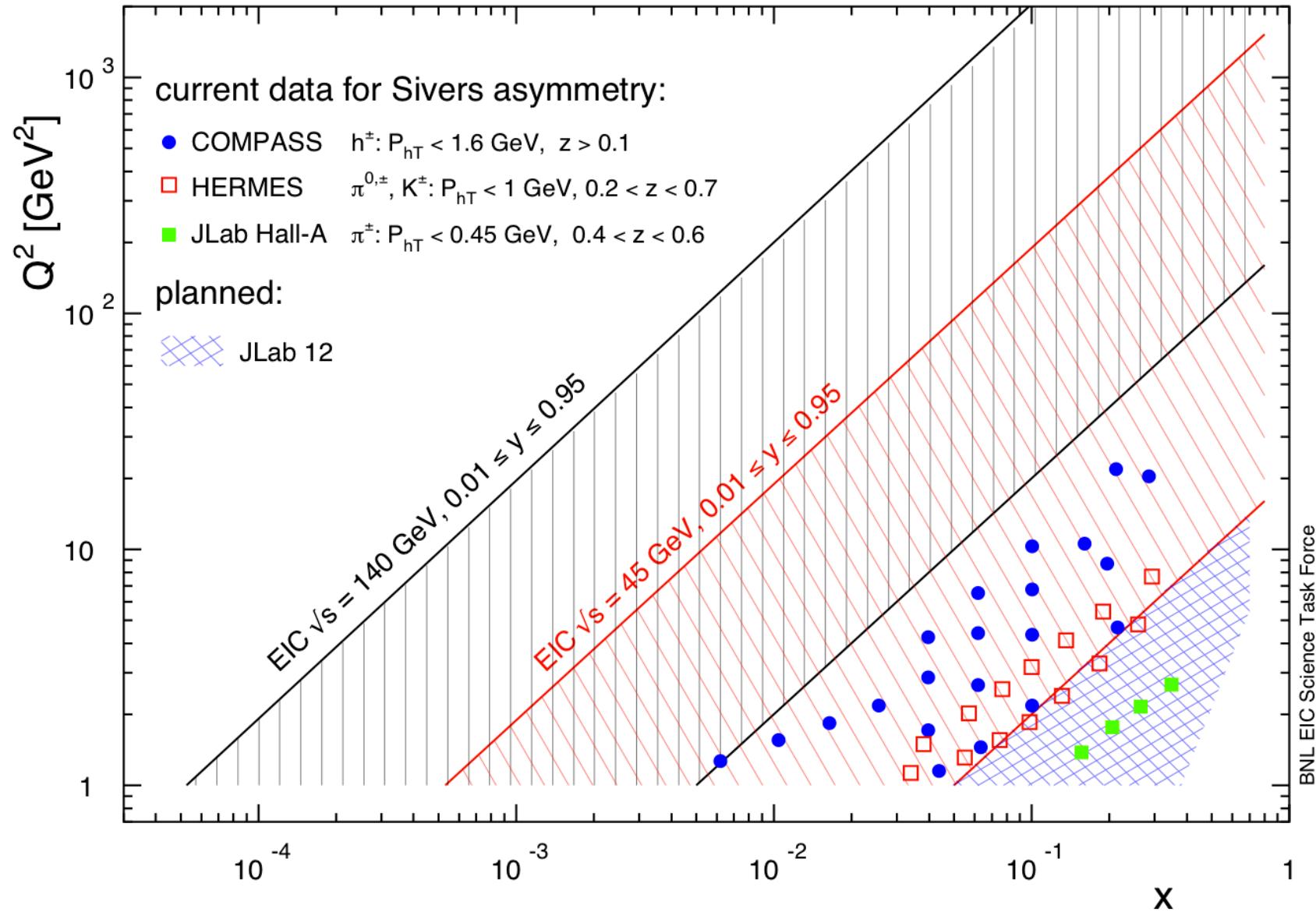
JLab 12 Proton and He³ targets
 $\delta u = 0.54^{+0.09}_{-0.22}, \delta d = -0.23^{+0.09}_{-0.16}$

$\delta u = 0.54^{+0.02}_{-0.02}, \delta d = -0.23^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$

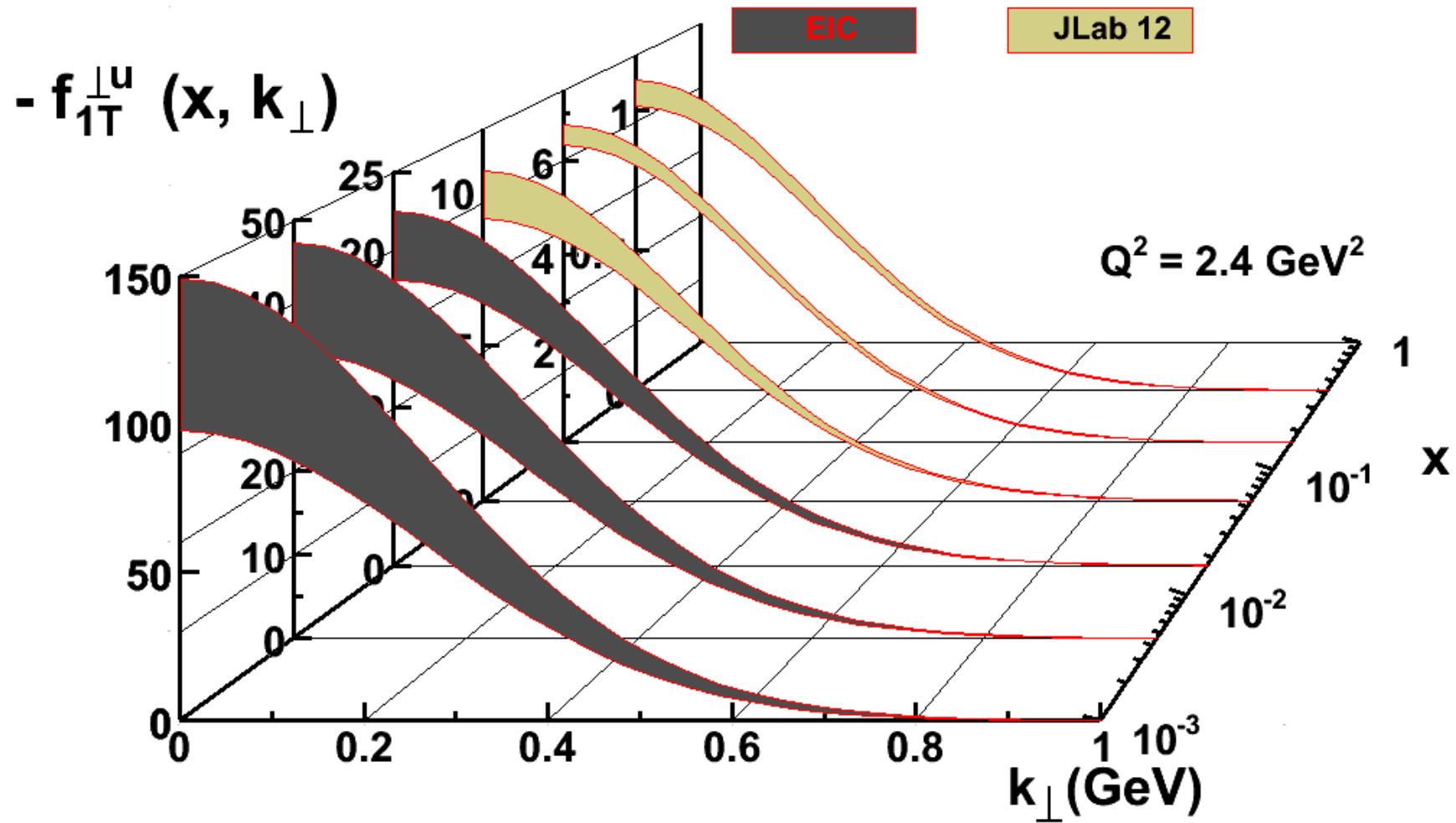


A. Prokudin

TMD@ EIC: from valence to the sea

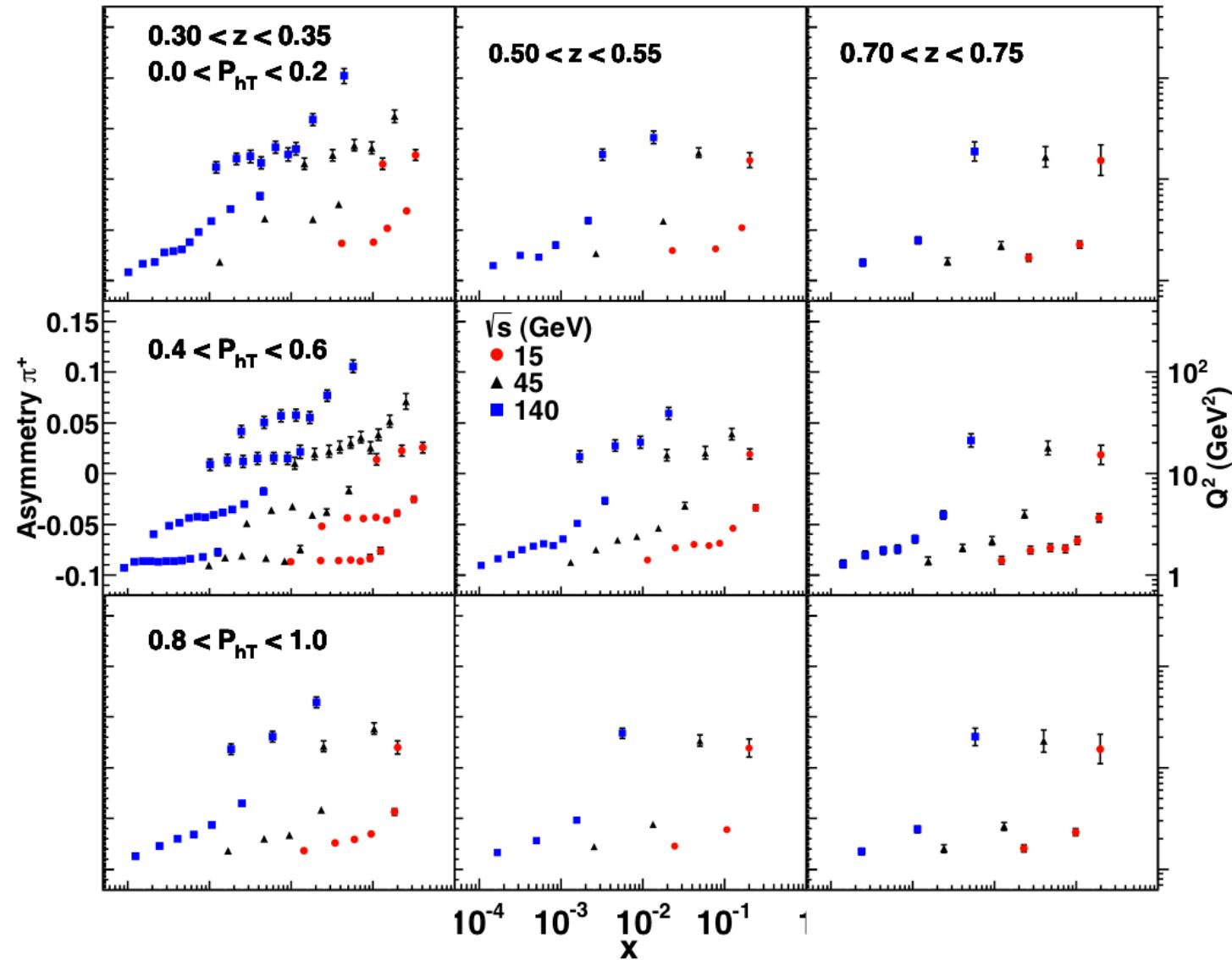


- TMD PDFs: nucleon structure in 3-D momentum space! $f_{1T}^\perp(x, Q^2, k_T)$ Sivers as example @ Q^2



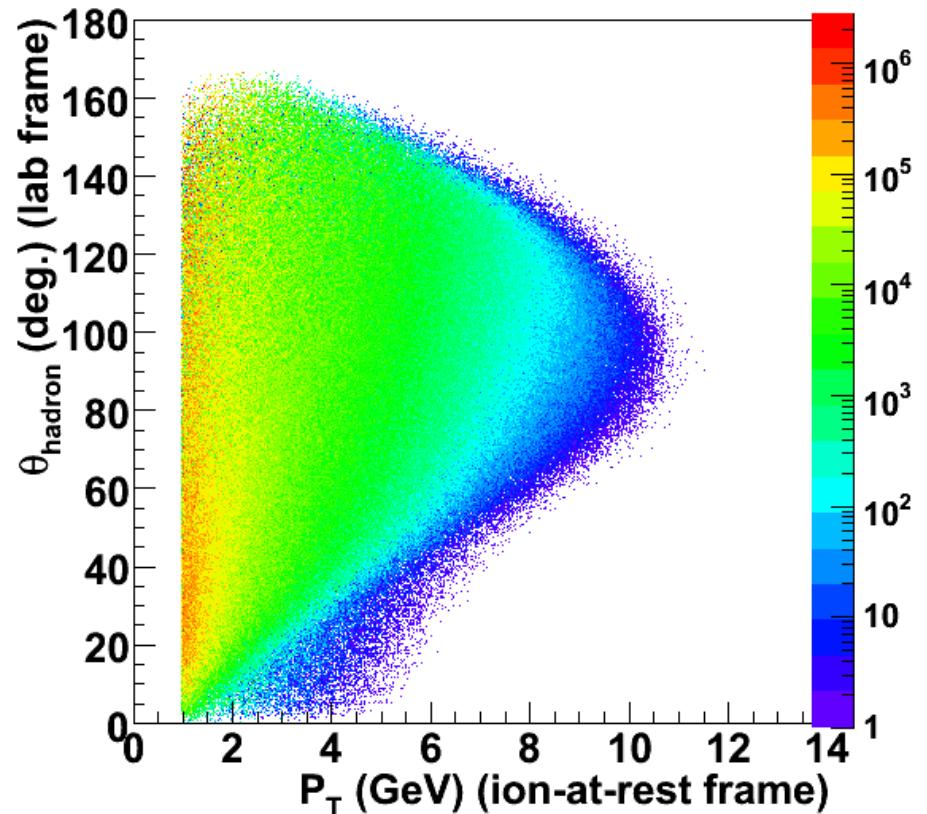
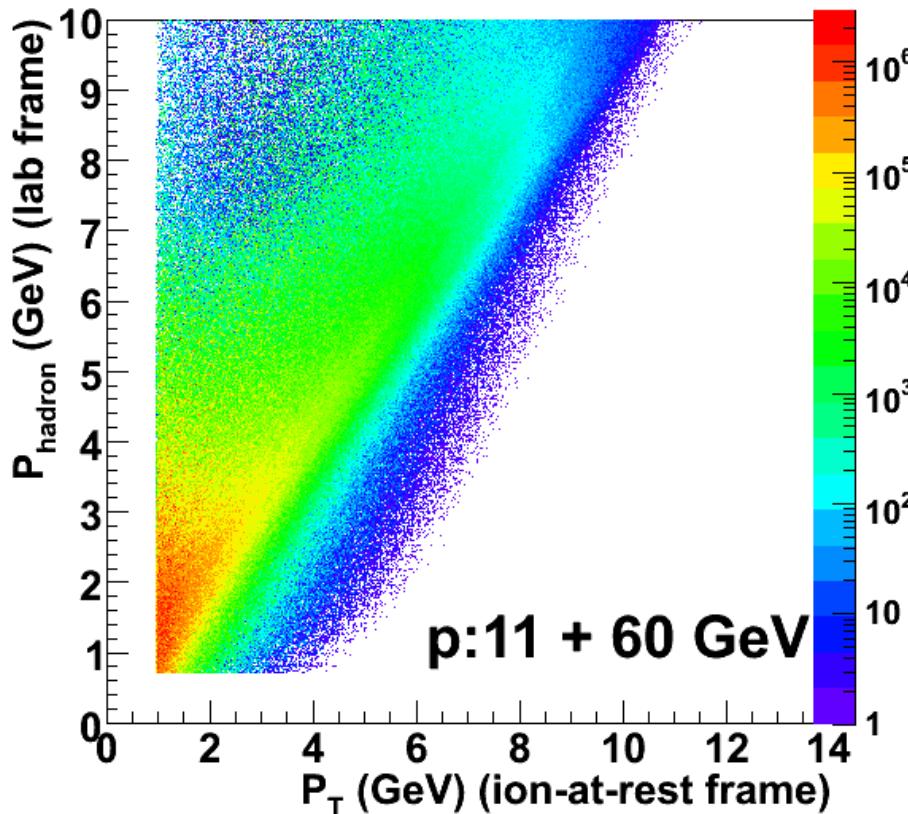
EIC projection on SSA (illustration)

10 fb⁻¹



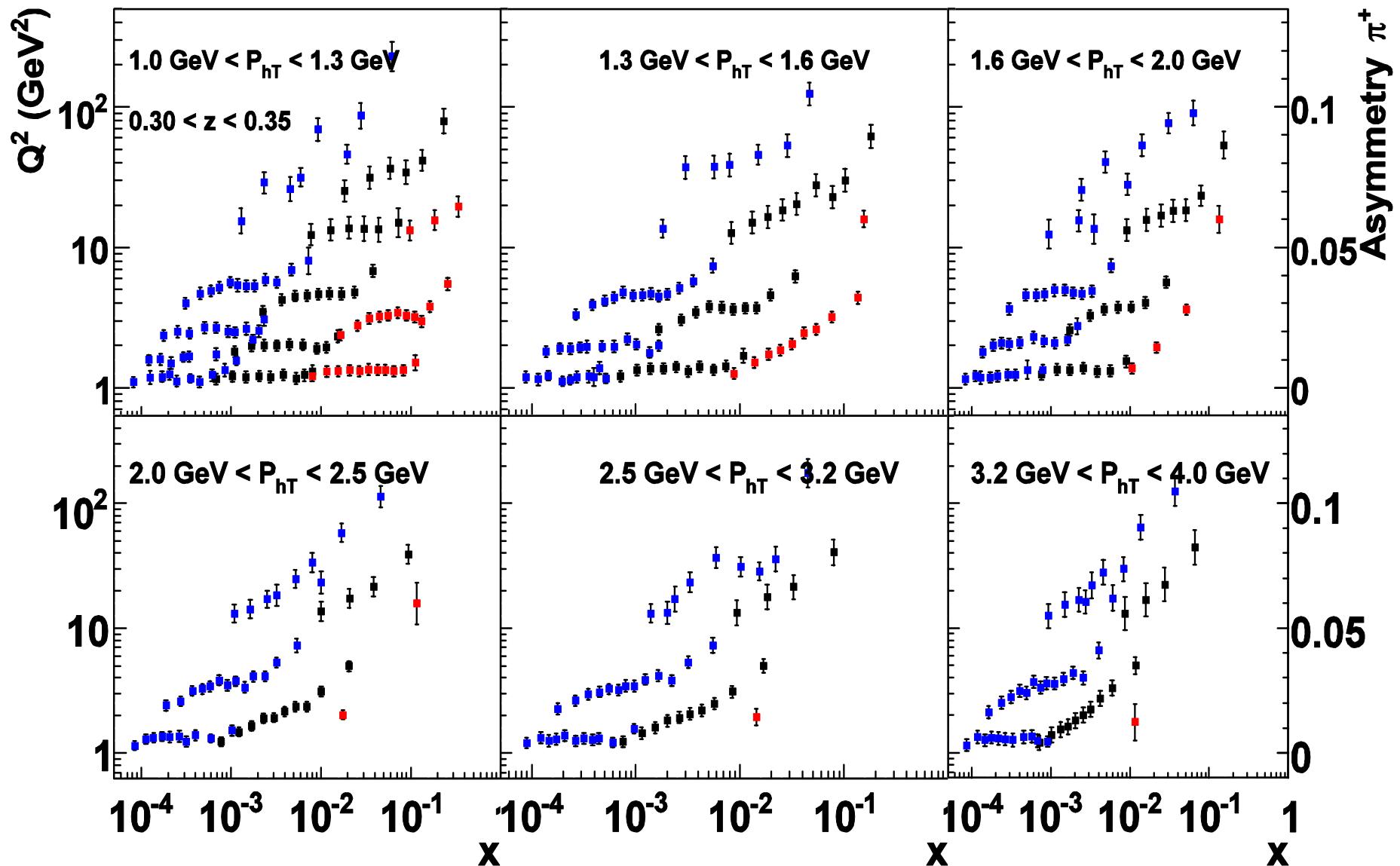
High P_T Physics

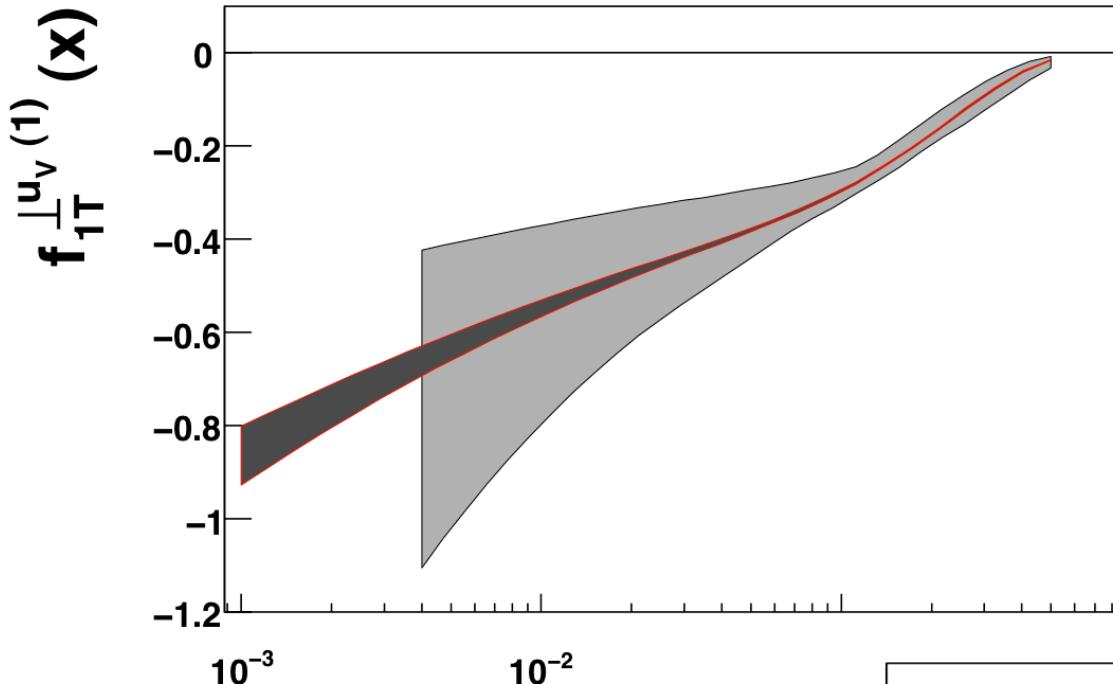
- TMD: $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \leq P_T \ll Q$
- Twist-3 formulation: $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \ll P_T$
- Unified picture in $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \ll P_T \ll Q$
 - Ji et al. PRL 97 082002 (2006)



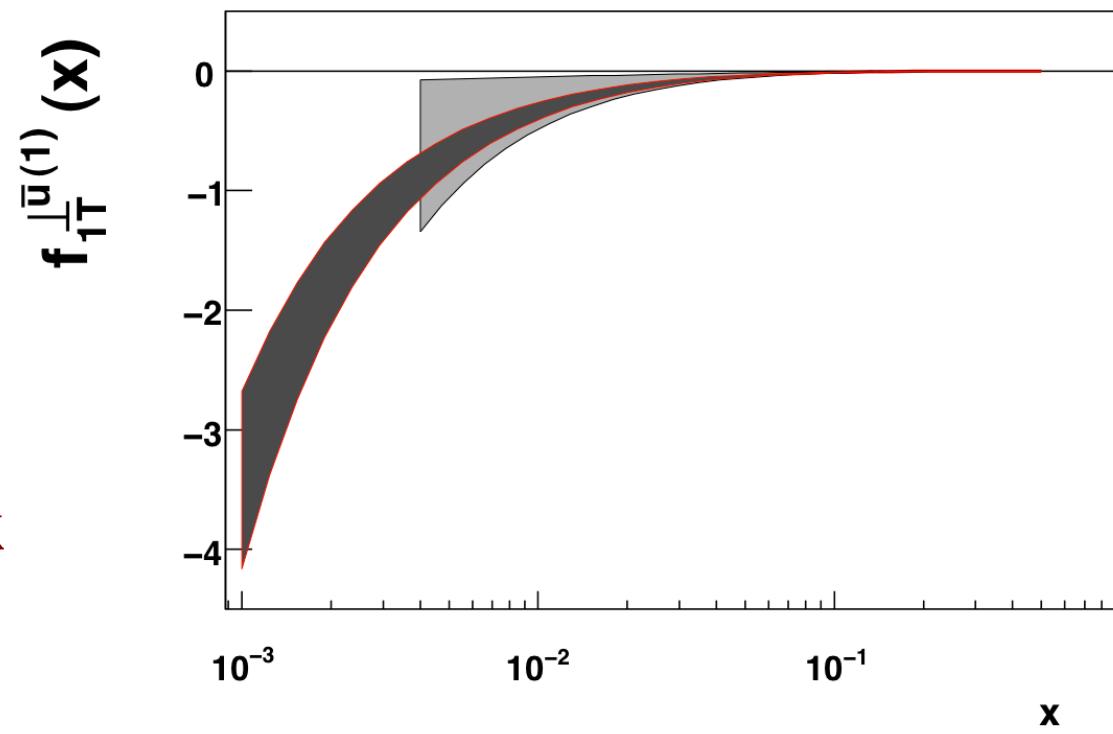
P_T dependence (High P_T) on p of π^+

120 fb^{-1}





**Impact of EIC
on TMDs (Sivers
as illustration)**



A. Prokudin's talk

Gluon Sivers Distribution

- Focus on charm production back-to-back D Dbar

$$\gamma^* g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}$$

- Approximate a factor of 50 suppression compare to the single D meson

production at 11x60 GeV

➤ Higher C.M. energy \rightarrow Larger Xs

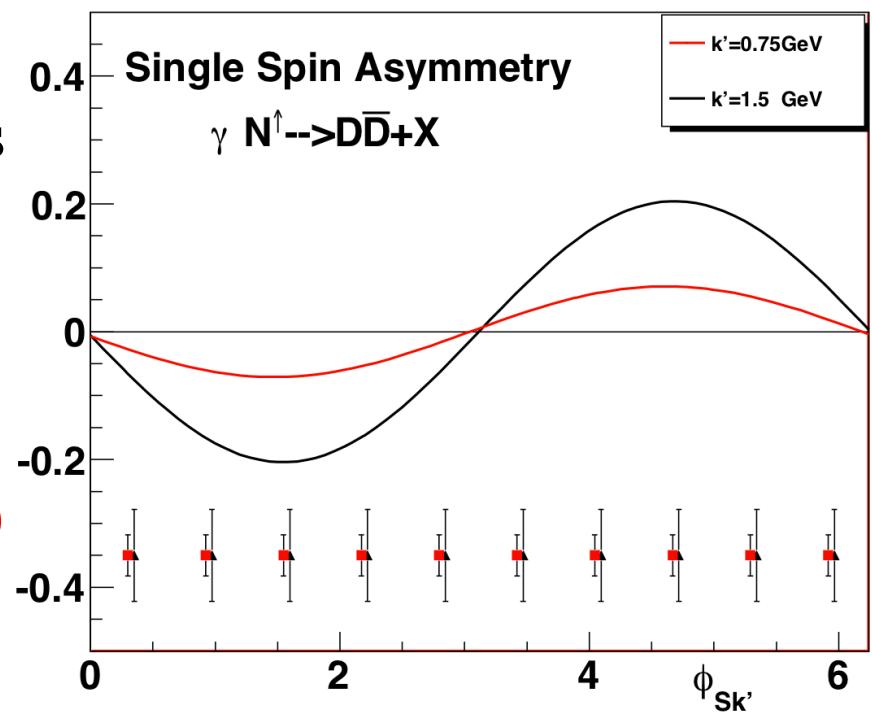
➤ Explore other decay channels

-> Larger branching ratio

➤ **Higher luminosity**

(projection W=60 GeV, 100 fb⁻¹)

$$\gamma^* p \rightarrow D^0 \bar{D}^0 + X$$



Markus Diehl, Bo-Wen Xiao

Summary

- Frontiers in nucleon structure go beyond collinear, 1-D picture
 - TMDs
 - Three-dimensional description of nucleon in momentum space
 - Transverse motion: spin-orbit correlations, multi-parton correlations, dynamics of confinement and QCD
 - Major advancement has been made both in theory and in experiments – first look at TMDs from SIDIS
- JLab 12-GeV upgrade will provide excellent opportunities to map out the 3-dimensional structure of the nucleon through TMDs and GPDs in the valence region
- EIC with flexibility in energy and luminosity will provide precise, quantitative information about quark TMDs in the sea region, and gluon TMDs for the first time

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